

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

### ATTORNEYS.

**ROBERT H. FOLGER**, Attorney at Law, 8. Commissioner, Commissioner of Lands for New York and Pennsylvania, and County Public Office second floor over Ralph's jewelry store, South Erie street, Massillon, O. Will give strict attention to all business entrusted to his care in Stark and the adjoining counties.

### BANKS.

**UNION NATIONAL BANK**, Massillon Ohio Jos. Coleman, President, J. H. Hunt, Cashier.

### HARDWARE.

**S. A. CONRAD & CO.**, Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Hardware, etc., Main street.

### MANUFACTURERS.

**RUSSELL & CO.**, manufacturers of Threshing Machines, Portable, Semi-Portable and Friction Engines, Horse power, Saw Mills, etc.

**MASSILLON ROLLING MILL**, Jos. Corns & Son, Proprietors, manufacturers of superior quality of Merchant Bar and Blacksmith Iron.

**MASSILLON GLASS FACTORY**, manufactures Green Glass Hollow Ware, Beer Bottles, Flasks, etc.

**MASSILLON IRON BRIDGE CO.**, Manufacturers of Bridges, Roofs and General Iron Structures.

### JEWELERS.

**C. F. VON KANEL**, East Side Jewelry Store, East Main street.

**JOSEPH COLEMAN**, dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Musical Instruments, etc., No. 8 South Erie street.

## B G B

We're depending on goods and prices to prove that

This Store

Is of Interest to You and Your Pocketbook

—of interest because it expects to and does make every sale by selling choice goods for less prices. It's a store that always does as it says—has a record to show it—and if it does save you money can you afford to miss the advantage?

Prove us—using as evidence whatever you're interested in in Dry Goods. We'll have it—and we want the kind—this store's choice kind—for the price—this small profit store's price to show that it will pay you to buy here.

Is there any fairer test? Get samples 50 inch Figured Black Mohairs, 35c yd—made to sell for not less than half a dollar a yard—choice lustrous quality—neat dressy designs.

Thoroughly organized mail order department here to do your mail order bidding.

**BOGGS & BUHL,**  
ALLEGHENY, PA.

## JOS. HORNE & CO.

### Domestics...

We want to give you this week some items relating to goods admirable for the house wrapper or the dressing sacque and the petticoat and a variety of other uses.

If you want samples you can ask our Mail Order Department for them, and we will see that you get them promptly. However, if you are in a hurry for these goods you can safely trust our judgment and send in your order. The goods will come back to you by return mail. Following are the items:

Beautiful colorings in new Fall Flannellettes—a quality of goods that you will appreciate, marked at

7c and 9c a yard.

Very late styles and colorings in Bonnet Doon and Mollison Flannellettes—make up very handsomely.

9c a yard.

Fleece-lined Flannellettes for women's and children's wear.

8c, 9c and 10c a yard

Our Exposition will soon open, and when you come to town you have a standing invitation to make our store your rendezvous. We have a restaurant, a mezzanine floor with writing tables and reading matter, and a ladies' parlor in which ladies can meet their friends and while away a pleasant hour or so.

PITTSBURG, PA.

## DEMOCRATS MET

Ohio Convention In Session at Dayton.

### DOWLING - MEYERS FIGHT.

Dowling Men Won In County and District Meetings.

### BUT THE STRUGGLE IS NOT OVER.

Likely to Be More Warring In the Convention Proper—Meyers Selected as a Member of the Credentials Committee. Revolver and Knife Drawn at Third District Meeting—Committee on Resolutions - New State Central Committee. A Denial by McLean.

DAYTON, O., Aug. 24.—The Democratic state convention is in session here today.

The preliminary meetings by counties and congressional districts yesterday and last night of the delegates indicated that the Dowling men by a close margin defeated the Allen O. Meyers regime. The latter, however, will likely continue the fight in the convention. At the meeting of the Third district delegation last evening a revolver was drawn by one delegate and a knife by another. In this district are the delegates from Montgomery and Butler counties, both of which are contested. Ex-Congressman Sorg is from Butler county and ex-Congressman Dowling from Montgomery county. Sorg is considered the conservative candidate for governor next year and Dowling is his manager. At the meeting of the committee on credentials last night there was bad blood from the start. Allen O. Meyers was selected as a member of this committee, and the Dowling men were weaker on this committee than on other committees.

The following is the committee on resolutions:

First district, T. J. Mulvihill; Second, J. M. Sanders; Third, Dowling, James A. Gilmore; anti-Dowling, E. J. Farrell; Fourth, George W. Moore; Fifth, Gale B. Orwig; Sixth, Galen L. Kline; Seventh, J. R. Marshall; Eighth, H. Walter Doty; Ninth, N. D. Cochran; Tenth, H. L. Chapman; Eleventh, John M. Yarmeter; Twelfth, George M. Morris; Thirteenth, E. B. Finley; Fourteenth, J. P. Seward; Fifteenth, A. J. Andrews; Sixteenth, Charles J. Lynch; Seventeenth, J. A. McDowell; Eighteenth, James A. Rice; Nineteenth, R. W. Padden; Twentieth, L. H. Eggert; Twenty-first, L. A. Russell.

New state central committee: First district, John Hagerty; Second, Lewis Remelin; Third, Dowling, S. M. Grithu; anti-Dowling, W. C. Ely; Fourth, John T. Kenna; Fifth, W. W. Wilson; Sixth, E. B. Selvers; Seventh, W. S. Thomas; Eighth, John P. Brenner; Ninth, John Roland; Tenth, John L. Patterson; Eleventh, P. M. Collins; Twelfth, James Ross; Thirteenth, Frank Dorr; Fourteenth, Charles Ferguson; Fifteenth, E. W. Kennedy; Sixteenth, W. C. Bigger; Seventeenth, Isaac Hill; Eighteenth, Francis D. Miller; Nineteenth, C. A. Corbin; Twentieth, C. P. Smith; Twenty-first, Harry Wilson.

BAR HARBOR, Me., Aug. 24.—John R. McLean denied Monday night that he would succeed Secretary Alger.

### MRS. BOTKIN ARRESTED.

No Charge Made, But She Is Suspected of the Dunning Murder.

STOCKTON, Cal., Aug. 24.—Mrs. Ada Botkin was arrested last night for supposed connection with the sending of a box of poisoned candy to Mrs. John B. Dunning at Dover, Del., from the eating of which Mrs. Dunning and her sister, Mrs. J. Polk Deane, died shortly afterward. No charge has yet been formally placed against Mrs. Botkin.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 24.—Chief of Police Lees had made no arrests yesterday in the Dunning poisoning case, though he had been in communication with the Delaware authorities and may make some move in the matter at any moment. Chief Lees intimated that he had some very important information bearing upon the case, but will not make public the details known by his detectives.

Mrs. Botkin claims to have received several threatening letters in the past few days from anonymous writers. She seems much disturbed over the attempts made to connect her with the poisoning of Mrs. Dunning, and says these attempts are unjust and outrageous.

### INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION.

Lord Herschell Chosen to Preside Over Meetings in Quebec.

QUEBEC, Aug. 24.—At noon yesterday the international commissioners met in private session in the legislative assembly, the upper house of the Quebec parliament, all of the commissioners except Congressman Dingley and Sir James Winter being present.

After the formal exchange of credentials, Senator Fairbanks, as chairman of the American delegation, named Lord Herschell of England as permanent president of the joint commission.

### Holmes-Freedman Case.

BOSTON, Aug. 24.—At a conference held here yesterday afternoon by A. H. Soden, F. D. H. Robinson and John T. Brush of the national board of arbitration of the National Baseball League it was decided to ask the board of directors to rescind its action on the Holmes-Freedman case. They are of opinion that the action of the directors was illegal.

### Typhoid Epidemic In Belfast.

BELFAST, Aug. 24.—The typhoid epidemic is growing rapidly. Six hundred cases have been reported in three weeks and every hospital is filled to overflowing.

## AUXILIARY SHIPS.

Naval Board to Meet Today to Decide What to Do With Extra Vessels.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—The disposal of the large fleet of auxiliary cruisers naval craft, about 100 in all, including a number of large ocean-going merchantmen, which have been improvised into cruisers, colliers, etc., will be taken up at the navy department today by a special board of naval officers, being Captain Clark of the battleship Oregon, who may not be present as he is on leave, Captain Higginson of the battleship Massachusetts, Captain Chadwick of the cruiser New York, Civil Engineer Andrus, who inspected the ships at Santiago, and Naval Constructor Tawressey.

The fleet includes 38 cruisers and large yachts. This fleet cost many millions of dollars.

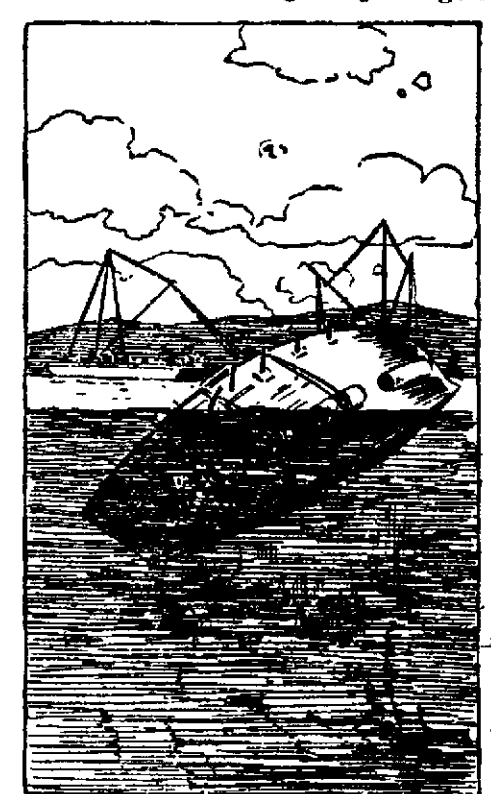
The board will determine what vessels should be retained, as many of those on hand are serviceable as colliers, supply, ambulance or distilling ships. Those to be sold will be appraised, and the navy department will then advertise for bids for the ships not wanted.

There is some curiosity as to the amounts which will be offered for these vessels. When they were bought the urgent needs of the government compelled the payment of prices which, in some cases, were regarded as "fancy." Doubts are expressed in naval circles whether these same "fancy" prices will prevail when the others to the government are made.

### HOBSON SAILED.

Will Try His Rubber Bag Scheme For Raising Two of the Spanish Vessels.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.—The transport Segurancas sailed for Santiago yesterday afternoon. Among her passengers



LIEUTENANT HOBSON'S PLAN. was Lieutenant Richmond P. Hobson, who is going to try his rubber bag scheme for raising two of the sunken vessels of Cervera's squadron. The lieutenant is accompanied by his private secretary, Roland S. Gielow of the naval reserve and A. Gill, representative of the Merritt Wrecking company.

### NO SERIOUS DIFFICULTIES.

Catholics Say the Church Question In Porto Rico, Cuba, Will Be Easily Settled.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—Among those occupying high official position with the Catholic church it is said the amalgamation of the Catholic committees of Cuba, Porto Rico and other Spanish colonies presents no serious difficulties. The first requisite, it is pointed out, is to terminate the concordat by which Spain and the vatican jointly conduct the administration of these colonies. Under the concordat the Spanish government names the bishops to be appointed in the Spanish colonies, and these names, being sent to Rome, are formally appointed by the pontiff. The bishops will likely be left in their places, and the change of system will be inaugurated gradually as those now in service drop off and are succeeded. The new system will probably be that under which bishops are chosen in the United States, there being no state participation, but merely a choice by the established Catholic authorities wherein a change occurs, this choice being referred to Rome for formal appointment.

### SCHOOL QUESTION.

Statement Made by a Bishop Returned From Rome to German Catholic Convention.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 24.—The German Roman Catholic societies convention met yesterday. The services at the formal opening of the German American Catholic day in St. Mary's church were somewhat extended.

Bishop Messmer, who has just returned from his pilgrimage to Rome, spoke concerning the school question.

Not only did Bishop Messmer take a radically opposite stand to Archbishop Ireland with reference to the schools, but he told the members of the societies that the propaganda viewed with regret the attitude of many of the English speaking Catholics in this country on the school question while the position of German Catholics met with approval, and it was to be regretted that so many Catholics were sending their children to the public schools in place of the parochial schools.

Referring to the money that had been contributed to the establishment of a German chair in the Washington university, Bishop Messmer recommended that the fund be turned over to the Catholic seminary at St. Francis.

## GREAT ENCAMPMENT.

K. of P. Meeting a Big Affair In Point of Numbers—An Investigation to Occur.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 24.—The biennial encampment of the Knights of Pythias, in point of attendance, is successful beyond expectation. Careful estimates secured from railroad officials show that since Saturday about 75,000 people had been brought to the city by yesterday.

The most important feature of yesterday's program was the big parade, participated in by all the uniform rank and subordinate lodges. Careful estimates place the number of men in line at 18,000, of which 10,000 were members of the uniform rank, led by Major General Carnahan. Governor Mount rode a horse in the parade.

Next to the parade, the most important event yesterday was the convening of the supreme lodge in the house of representatives. Welcoming addresses were made by Governor Mount and Mayor Taggart, and Supreme Chancellor Colgrove also spoke on behalf of the lodge.

In the executive session, Supreme Keeper of Records and Seals R. L. C. White said that the officers of the supreme lodge had been attacked and charges made against them which should be investigated.

Mr. White was followed by Thomas L. Means, master of the exchequer; Representative Feathers of Wisconsin and Representative Burns of Ohio, the last two members of the financial committee of the supreme lodge.

The following committee was appointed to investigate, and pending a report no officers will be elected. Representatives Gale of Massachusetts, Bangs of North Dakota, Watson of Indiana, Daniels of Idaho and Richardson of Virginia.

### EIGHT WORKMEN KILLED.

Crushed to Death by the Falling of a Brick Wall on a Railroad Near Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 24.—By the falling of a brick wall, part of a tunnel being removed at Glen's station, on the Chartiers branch of the P., C. C. and St. L. railway, eight men were killed and several injured, about 10 o'clock Monday night.

The dead are: Antonia Lo Strapp, married, 48 years old. His wife is in Italy.

Feliciano Del Signore, aged 18 years. Viro Volpe, 26 years old, single. Beniamino Rocco, married, about 40 years old.

Tomas Walazek, 28, married. Burton Jones, aged 40 years. He was fireman of the unfortunate gang of workmen. His wife came from her home in Ashland, Va., last night to identify the body.

Dominic Grava, 23, single. Felix Mills, 17, of Glendale.

### CONDITION OF TROOPS.

General Shafter Reported Dead, Sick and Wounded About Santiago. Eight Dead.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—The war department last night received the following from General Shafter:

"SANTIAGO, Aug. 20, Adjutant General of the Army, Washington. "Sanitary report, Aug. 23: Total number sick, 900; total fever cases, 631; total new fever cases, 74; total fever cases returned to duty, 85.

"Deaths Aug. 13: Major H. C. Bowen, surgeon Second Massachusetts volunteers, infant, typhoid fever. Aug. 20, August Anderson, Company F, Twentieth infantry, remittent malarial fever with heart failure. Aug. 21, Private Thomas Eogley, Company C, Twenty-first infantry, malarial remittent fever and dysentery; Sergeant Thomas Maher, Company H, Twenty-first infantry, typhoid fever. Aug. 22, William Walrus, civilian, chronic diarrhoea; Private Robert H. Ziegler, Company I, Sixteenth infantry, typhoid fever. Private George Kent, Company A, Thirty-fourth, Michigan volunteer infantry, typhoid fever; Andrew Little, Company G, Second Massachusetts volunteer infantry, septicemia and suppurative parotitis. (Signed) "SHAFER. "Major General."

### DEWEY CAN REPAIR.

England Agreed to Allow Him to Attend to His Ships at Hongkong.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—Ambassador Hay, in a cablegram to the state department, received Monday, says that the British government has directed the governor of Hongkong to accept Admiral Dewey's application for permission to dock and clean his ships at Hongkong.

### HONORED SICK SOLDIERS.

Governor Wolcott Raised His Hat as Each Patient Was Brought Ashore.

BOSTON, Aug. 24.—The hospital ship Olvette, with nearly 200 sick soldiers aboard, arrived at quarantine from New York yesterday.

When the Olvette came up Governor Wolcott took position at the head of the gangplank. As each of the prostrate soldiers was carried past him the governor raised his hat. On board the Olvette nearly all were from the regular United States regiments.

### Ex-Minister Denby Returns.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 24.—Charles Denby, late United States minister to China, has returned to this country.

### Curzon Expects to Rest.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—George Curzon, viceroy designate of India, will start for Calcutta with Mrs. Curzon in December to relieve Lord Elgin, the retiring viceroy, at the beginning of next year. Mr. Curzon expects to rest for a time.

# Starving in Cuba.

The War Department Planning for their Relief.

## GREAT FAITH IN DEWEY.

The Followers of Aguinaldo Have Little Love for General Merritt—Public Schools to be Opened in Santiago and All Saloons Closed—Twenty-eight War Vessels to be Built by the United States.

### Feeding the Starving in Cuba.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—[By Associated Press]—The war department is considering plans for feeding the people of Cuba who may be found in a starving condition when the Spanish evacuate. Very little information is yet at hand regarding the condition of the people, but from what was known of them before hostilities began and the fact that very little opportunity has been afforded them since to secure food, it is believed that thousands must be destitute. The poor people, known at the beginning of the war as reconcentrados, may have perished, but the pacificos and others who were not a part of the Spanish army are believed by officials here to be in a precarious condition. The details of the plan for furnishing food have not been matured, but the distribution will be under the direction of army officers. It will not be entrusted to local chiefs of municipalities. The war department officials intend that the food issued will go to those who are real needy and shall not be swallowed up by a few greedy ones. The quartermasters' and commissary departments of the army are ready to furnish and transport supplies as soon as orders are issued. Several transports will be held in readiness, and the stores will be ready to be placed on board as soon as it is determined that they shall be sent.

### Have the Greatest Confidence in Dewey.

MANILA, Aug. 24.—[By Associated Press]—The rumors of troubles between the natives and the Americans are for the most part unfounded. The fact is that the insurgents have been unwilling to disarm until assured of the permanence of American protection. The distrust felt as to the Spanish bank, which originated in rumors as to an excessive note issue to aid the Spanish authorities, led to a run on the institution, but the British banking houses came to its assistance and averted a failure. Business is now booming. The obstructions in the river Pasig, which flows through the town, have been removed, and the water works have resumed operations.

The Associated Press learned yesterday that the Philippine junta in London received a dispatch from Manila Sunday announcing that matters there are rapidly quieting down, and that the friction between Aguinaldo and the Americans is disappearing. According to the junta's advice, the insurgents for a time regarded General Merritt and General Anderson as martinets, and feared they would adopt harsh methods, like the Spaniards, toward the Philipinos, but the insurgents from the first have had the greatest confidence in Admiral Dewey, whom they regard as a sort of father and the most important American at Manila. The junta is satisfied that all friction will soon disappear and that there will be no trouble from the insurgents if the Americans decided to retain the Philippines. According to a worthy Philipino, now in London, the Philipinos in Europe are all well-to-do people. Hitherto they have held aloof from the insurgents, but they now realize that their interests demand action and they are about to form a committee to open negotiations with the junta here. They are all in favor of having the archipelago retained by the United States. So strong is their conviction of the desirability of this course that they had contemplated approaching the British foreign office to invite Great Britain to intervene, and in any event to prevent the islands being returned to the control of Spain. They decided, however, to wait American action.

### To Build Twenty-eight War Vessels.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—[By Associated Press]—The navy department at noon yesterday opened bids for the construction of sixteen torpedo boat destroyers and twelve torpedo boats, the cost of the twenty-eight vessels to aggregate \$6,900,000. These twenty-eight destroyers and torpedo boats constitute the largest single addition ever made to the navy. The destroyers are to be completed within eighteen months, and the torpedo boats in twelve months. According to the requirements of the department the destroyers are to have a guaranteed speed of twenty-eight knots and the torpedo boats twenty-six knots. The destroyers are to be about 400 tons and are to cost not more than \$295,000 each, while the torpedo boats are to be about 150 tons and to cost not more than \$170,000 each. The torpedo boats are of much the same design, but will be smaller than the destroyers. Their coal capacity will be forty tons, against one hundred tons for the destroyers, and their berthing space for twenty-six men and three officers. The battery will be composed of three rapid firing guns. There will be mounted on deck three fifteen-foot torpedo tubes, with torpedoes.



## AN OLD-TIME TAR.

SAILOR OFFERED HIS OWN LIFE TO  
SAVE HIS COMMANDER.

Reuben James an Ordinary Seaman Saves  
the Life of the Famous Commodore  
Stephen Decatur by a Deliberate Act  
of Self-Sacrifice.

The naval history of the United States is replete with instances of individual bravery and heroism, that have made Uncle Sam's sturdy tars especially dear to the hearts of all patriotic Americans.

One of the most remarkable of these heroic deeds, the unusual character of which has given it a special page in the naval annals of this country, was that of Reuben James, an ordinary seaman, who saved the life of his commander, the famous Commodore Stephen Decatur, by a deliberate act of self-sacrifice.

During a battle with Tripolitan war vessels, in the early part of the present century, Decatur boarded one of the enemy's ships, to revenge the death of his brother, who had been treacherously killed by a Tripolitan commander. The latter was singled out for attack by Decatur, as soon as he got aboard, and a fierce hand-to-hand conflict ensued. The Turk was a large, powerful man, and grappled Decatur, both men falling on the deck. Just then, another Tripolitan officer aimed a blow with his sword at Decatur's defenseless head. Reuben James, an American sailor, both of whose arms were temporarily disabled by wounds, saw the impending blow, and, dashing forward, he interposed his own head to save that of his daring captain. Fortunately, the blow was a glancing one, but it made a terrible gash in the skull. It was a long time before he recovered from the effects of the blow. His brave act was suitably recognized by congress, which granted him a pension though he continued in active service.

Besides being a brave man James was also a philosopher of the Diogenes type, though he, probably had never heard of that wise old man's interview with the great Alexander. When his injuries had healed, and he was again ready for duty, James was asked by Decatur what he could do for him. The sailor, who was quarter gunner on the vessel, and had charge of the men's hammocks, touched a hat in the customary salute, and, after a moment's reflection, replied: "Nothing, sir, as I know of, 'cept you might let some'un else give out the hammocks when they're piped down."

Reuben James was a true type of the old-time tar, of the kind who looked upon a mere landsman as an individual to be pitied, if not despised. He was a native of Delaware, and became a sailor when a mere lad. In 1797 he was captured by a French privateer and suffered hardship. That experience only intensified his love for a life on the ocean wave, and on his liberation, he shipped aboard the Constellation, in 1799, and he took part in the battle between that frigate and the French warships, Insurgent and Vengeance. In 1804 he joined the famous frigate, United States, and was one of those who volunteered to accompany Lieutenant Decatur, when that fearless spirit determined to destroy the American warship Philadelphia, which had fallen in to the hands of the enemy and lay in the harbor of Tripoli. He remained under Decatur's command and took part in the numerous fierce conflicts which marked America's naval war with the Tripolitans. He followed Decatur to the Enterprise, the Constitution and the Congress, and was with him in the United States when that frigate captured the Macedonian. He was also with his old commander aboard the President, when she had to surrender to a whole British squadron, in January, 1815, on which occasion James was wounded three times before he would go below to have his injuries attended to. He took part in the naval war with Algiers, and during the long peace that followed, he was constantly cruising about in one or the other of the United States warships in the West Indies, the Mediterranean or the Pacific ocean. He used to say that he had taken part in "ten fights and as many scrimmages."

**Sightseers in Washington.**  
The stairway leading up to the top of the Washington monument has been impassable with soldiers for a couple of weeks past. Not one in ten of the soldiers will ride up in the elevator, and the soldier who does takes the elevator is called a "slob" by his comrades. The men who have had their hats thrown out of the windows of the monument by skylarking comrades haven't appeared to enjoy this game very much, especially the searching for their chapeaux after the descent.

It is not a characteristic of men who comprise an urban population to run to fires. The soldiers who are now flocking through the streets of Washington don't pretend to metropolitan ways. This explains why so many of them, when they see a fire engine racing along the street, take to their heels and follow it. There hasn't been a miniature blaze in Washington for several weeks past that has not been witnessed by a knot of panting soldiers.

Thousands of the soldiers have rested their weary limbs in the seats of the galleries of the two houses of Congress since the camp was established across the way. The men occupy themselves chiefly in picking out the representatives from their own states, and when they have focused them in their vision they do not take their eyes off them while they remain. It is not to be supposed that the representatives on the floor do not know that the soldiers from their districts are watching them studiously either. The representatives know that soldiers write letters home, especially when they haven't much else to do, and a good many of them have done a bit of attitudinizing for the benefit of the lads in blue. All of the soldiers have exhibited a great interest in T. Reed, Speaker.

"Well," drawled a soldier from the South a few afternoons ago, after carefully sizing T. Reed, Speaker, up for half an hour or so, "I reckon he's got the spunk all right, but I wouldn't care to have him try me by a summary court martial."—Washington Star.

## THE HOUSEHOLD.

**Cream for Muffins.**—One pint of sweet milk, one-half cupful sweet cream, butter size of a walnut, one tablespoonful of sugar, one egg, one level teaspoonful of salt, two teaspoonfuls of cream tartar, flour enough to make a thick batter that will not drop from the spoon; bake in muffin pans.

**Tomato Sauce.**—Melt three tablespoonfuls of butter and cook it in a tablespoonful of sliced onion. Add three tablespoonfuls of flour and brown, then add one cup of strained tomato pulp, one of well-seasoned brown stock, and salt and pepper to taste. Strain out the onion before using.

**Marmalade** may be made of any ripe fruit boiled to a pulp with a little water; the best fruits to use are peaches, quinces, apples, oranges and cranberries. It is usual to crush the fruit. Use three quarters of a pound of sugar to a pound of the fruit, add a little water (half a cupful to a pound) and boil until it becomes a jellied mass. When done, put it in glass or white earthenware.

**Flies.**—Sandal wood can be bought at almost any Turkish or Japanese importing house. It is prepared for burning by first being cut into small pieces half an inch thick and three inches long. Then it is baked or dried out in a slow oven for twenty-four hours. A piece of the wood is put into a metal urn, lighted and allowed to burn until well aflame, when the flame is extinguished and the red-hot ember left to smoulder until the wood is consumed and nothing is left but a heap of fine gray ashes. During the smoldering process the wood sends out a sweet and aromatic smoke, and the flies leave the room.

**Potatoes au Gratin.**—Melt two ounces of butter in a frying-pan, add a teaspoonful of flour, mix until smooth; pour in a cupful each of stock and milk, and stir until boiling. Take from the fire, add the beaten yolks of three eggs, two large tablespoonfuls of grated cheese, half a teaspoonful of salt with a dash of cayenne. Put a layer of this sauce in the bottom of a baking dish, then a layer of cold boiled potatoes sliced, and more potatoes and sauce until the dish is full. Put the sauce on top. Dredge with stale grated bread crumbs and set in a quick oven for ten minutes to brown. Serve in the dish in which they were baked.

**Spinach a la Bechamel.**—Cut slices of bread an inch and a half in thickness. Shape in rounds. Cut out the centre of each round so as to make a case. Brush with butter and brown delicately in a hot oven; or saute in the frying pan, and fill with spinach a la bechamel, which is prepared as follows: Cook the well washed spinach in a little boiling water, drain and chop fine or press through a sieve. Return to the sauce, and for each pint of spinach add a tablespoonful of butter and a dash of salt and pepper. Stir over the fire until the spinach is hot, then add the beaten yolk of an egg diluted with one-third of a cup of cream. Stir and cook for a few moments or until the contents are well mixed.

**Cream of Lima Bean Soup.**—Cook one pint of good-sized lima beans in salted water until perfectly tender, and press through a colander. Add to them gradually one quart of milk; turn into a double boiler, and add a tablespoonful of grated onion, a bay leaf and a blade of mace. Rub together one tablespoonful of butter and two of flour; add to the mixture; stir constantly until thick and smooth; put through a fine sieve; add a teaspoonful of salt, a dash of pepper, and the soup is ready to serve. White beans such as kidney, or any of the fresh shell beans, may be used in the same way. The flavorings may be changed; celery salt may be added in the place of a bay leaf, or a single clove may be added.

**Layer Cake with Soft Icing.**—Stir half cupful butter with one cupful powdered sugar to a light, white cream; add gradually the yolks of three eggs and one teaspoonful of grated lemon rind; sift two cupfuls of flour with one heaping teaspoonful baking powder; beat the whites of two eggs to a stiff froth, then add alternately the whites, the flour and three quarters of a cupful of milk. Butter two medium-sized jelly tins and dust them with flour, put in the cake batter, smooth it with a knife and bake in a moderate oven. In the meantime place one cupful of sugar in a saucepan, add half a cupful of water, boil until it forms a string between two fingers, beat the white of an egg to a stiff froth, add slowly the hot sugar syrup while beating constantly. When the cake is done, remove and turn it out of the pan, let it cool off for a few minutes, then place one layer upside down on a cake dish. Flavor the icing with one tablespoonful of vanilla; put half of it over the cake, put on the second layer, cover the top with the remaining icing and set the cake for a few minutes in a cool oven with the door open.

### A Woman Who Raises Sheep.



CENTURY ILL. CO. LIBRARY

A Virginia woman has gone into the sheep-raising business. She began with a capital of \$25, paying \$3 a head for ewes. At the end of four years she has cleared \$450 and has sixty ewes on hand. She gave only an hour a day to her sheep and paid a boy fifty cents a week to help her.

## TOLEDO'S FINE CATHEDRAL.

An American's Visit to Spain's Famous Structure.

To the right, beyond and beneath us, rises the great basilica, the Christian shrine built upon the foundations of many a strange temple, and upon corner stones that were consecrated to long-forgotten creeds. It rises out of the low-lying swamp land, and rears its lofty spire far above the citadel that crowns the rock-bound height. But it is incomplete and far from perfect. After all the centuries that have passed over it and all the generations of men who have in their little day labored upon it we must accept it as a true picture of human aspiration and endeavor, always striving and struggling and never attaining. The first cathedral church of St. Mary erected here of which record has reached us was consecrated toward the close of the sixth century, but even the careless and superficial excavations which have been made beneath the cathedral in recent years disclose the fact that here there was a place of prayer long before the Christian era dawned.

The present edifice was completed in the year of the discovery of America. The first view of the bold outlines of the mighty pile is unfortunately impaired and interrupted by the surrounding buildings. But if we patch together laboriously the partial views and glimpses we obtain we shall see that, unlike any other Spanish shrine, the Toledo cathedral equals it if it does not surpass, in majesty of construction and impressiveness the greatest cathedral churches of France.

About the high altar are grouped according to dynasties, the alabaster tombs of the old kings and the new kings and the heads of puissant houses of which we have never heard, and mighty warriors whose deeds have escaped the recognition of history. Here they sleep in the courts of peace which once rang with the clatter of their trailing swords. Here they came with their great banners, here our lady blessed them with the blessing of her smile, and here they brought back upon their shields those who fell doing her bidding, to sleep forever near her shrine and within the sweep of her pitying eyes. The cathedral is at once the Valhalla and the Westminster of Spain. Here all her glories are recorded and here each generation as it passed from the stage stored its noblest deed.

I remember with mixed feelings the two days I spent here, escorted by the seven canons, each with his chain of clanging keys, who opened to me the most secret treasures of the shrines. This favor I owe to the courteous consideration of the cardinal. But I remember with still greater pleasure the days that followed, when, safe from the courtesy of my clericone, in the disguise of capa and straw sandals, I wandered, undisturbed, and unlighted, through the sacred precincts. One evening as I sat and listened to the vesper song an open door in a stone pier which I had never seen before caught my eye. I entered, and, ascending a spiral stairway of stone, across which the cobwebs were drawn as thick and strong as cords, came out of the darkness at last into the light of a little chapel, all amber and alabaster. I touched with reverence the hem of the vestment worn by the image which stood over the deserted altar, and on the moment it crumbled in my hand like October leaves. I never knew to what saint the chapel was dedicated or why the cult had been withdrawn, and, though I sought it often, I never found my way again to this forgotten chapel.

### Victoria's Canerom.

Since the infirmities of Queen Victoria made it necessary for her to use a walking stick she has been the recipient of many canes. Her friends, relatives and subjects have seized upon every possible occasion to present her with a new cane. One entire room of her private suite is said to be stocked with these special gifts. Whenever she expresses her intention of attending a function of any kind her friends consider it fitting to send her another cane. Every anniversary she is forced to acknowledge a score or more of them. There are solid gold sticks, silver sticks, exquisitely engraved; sticks that are a marvel of the carver's art and sticks that contain priceless jewels.

Queen Victoria has leaned more heavily on her cane of late years. She always places it against her chair, and when she rises it is the duty of the highest court official present to hand it to her. Her subjects have hoped in vain to see her use their gifts. She has used only one cane, however, which has historic value, having been presented to King Charles II. by one of his court. It is of oak and when the king used it the handle was of carved gold. The top has been changed recently. It now bears an idol which once graced the temples of an ill-fated Indian prince. It is of ivory, inlaid with jewels.—Philadelphia Press.

### Sacks of Flour Breakworks.

The first trophies of the remarkable battle at Manila to be received in Stockton, Cal., came to a flour company and are highly appreciated by the holders. They are two flour sacks taken from a Spanish arsenal at Manila after the fight. The sacks of flour were used as a barricade, and both of them showed the effect of the aim of the American gunners. The prizes were captured by a detachment of marines under Dr. M. H. Crawford, surgeon on the United States steamer Boston, and a particular friend of Dr. M. S. Deede, a former resident of Stockton, but now United States consular surgeon at Hong Kong, to whom they were forwarded. Dr. Deede in turn sent the two sacks to the firm which originally sent them to China, from where they were forwarded to Manila.

Both sacks are powder burned in several places, and one of them has a hole through it about the size of that made by a six pounder. The sacks bore the regulation imprint of the flour company, and had the stamp of the United States consulate of Hong Kong on them, as each package or sack which passes the custom house there must be marked. The trophies are on exhibition at the local office of the flour company, and are attracting considerable attention.—San Francisco Chronicle.

## Scrofula, a Vile Inheritance.

Scrofula is the most obstinate of blood troubles, and is often the result of an inherited taint in the blood. S. S. S. is the only remedy which goes deep enough to reach Scrofula; it forces out every trace of the disease, and cures the worst cases.

My son, Charlie, was afflicted from infancy with Scrofula, and he suffered so that it was impossible to dress him for three years. His head and body were a mass of sores, and his eyesight also became affected. No treatment was spared that we thought would relieve him, but he grew worse until his condition was indeed pitiable. I had almost despaired of his ever being cured, when by the advice of a friend we gave him S. S. S. (Swift's Specific). A decided improvement was the result, and after he had taken a dozen bottles, no one who knew of his former dreadful condition would have recognized him. All the sores on his body have healed, his skin is perfectly clear and smooth, and he has been restored to perfect health.



For real blood troubles it is a waste of time to expect a cure from the doctors. Blood diseases are beyond their skill. Swift's Specific,

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reaches all deep-seated cases which other remedies have no effect upon. It is the only blood remedy guaranteed purely vegetable, and contains no potash, mercury, or other mineral.

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IT STRENGTHENS THE NERVES!

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**BAR-BEN**  
It strengthens the nerves.  
A 60 dose box for 50 cents.

Z. T. Baltzly, 15-17 Opera Block; J. M. Schuckers, 37 East Main Street, corner Mill; and Chas. W. Cupples, 153 West Tremont street; Snyder & Rider, Massillon.

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## AVERY'S JOKE ON JACKSON.

Young Andy's Devotion to "Bacon's Abridgment" Led to a Duel.

None of Gen. Jackson's biographers give the details of his first duel, and he himself never cared to speak of the matter in later years; but some years ago a grand-daughter of Col. Walskill Avery told me the full story.

Waitstill Avery was a Massachusetts man who went to North Carolina, carrying with him a letter of recommendation from no less a personage than Jonathan Edwards. He soon acquired reputation and influence, and in time became Attorney-General of the State. It was his custom to take students of law into his family, who became tutors of his children.

In 1784, when Andrew Jackson was but seventeen years old and ambitious to become a lawyer, he applied for this situation. The tradition is that he was refused because a daughter of Avery's took a dislike to his uncouth appearance.

Young Jackson next applied to Spruce McCay, a lawyer in Salisbury, N. C., in whose office he was fitted for the Bar, and he shortly made his appearance in the courts. When Jackson was twenty-one years of age, he and Avery met in the trial of a case at Jonesboro, Tenn.

It was Jackson's habit to carry in his saddle bags a copy of "Bacon's Abridgment," and to make frequent appeals to it in his cases. This precious book was always carefully done up in coarse brown paper, such as grocers used before the neat paper bags of the present day were invented. The unwrapping of this much-prized volume before a court was a very solemn function as performed by Jackson.

Now Avery had by this time dropped whatever of Puritan sedateness had commended him to Jonathan Edwards, and was uncommonly fond of a joke. He procured a piece of bacon just the size of the book, and while Jackson was addressing the court he slipped out the volume from its wrapping and substituted the bacon.

At length Jackson had occasion to appeal to Lord Bacon. It was an important case, and he would not trust to his memory. He would confound his opponent by reading from the book itself. While still talking he raised the bearskin flap of his saddle-bags, drew out the brown paper package, carefully untied the string, unfolded the paper with the decorous gravity of a priest handling the holy things of the altar, and then, without looking at what he held in his hand, exclaimed triumphantly: "We will now see what Bacon says!"

The Court, Bar, jury and spectators were convulsed with laughter before Jackson saw the trick that had been played on him. Of course, he was furious. He snatched a pen, and on the blank leaf of a lawbook wrote a peremptory challenge, which he delivered then and there. He asked for no apology—nothing but blood would do. He commanded Avery to select a friend and arrange for a meeting at once.

Avery made no answer to this peremptory demand, thinking his peppery antagonist would laugh rather than fight, as he grew cooler. But he did not know the young man. Jackson grew hotter instead of cooler. Next morning he sent this note, which was full of bad spelling. My North Carolina friend had seen the original, and in copying it had corrected the orthography; but these are the exact words:

August 12, 1788.
  
Sir—When a man's feelings and character are injured, he ought to seek a speedy redress. You received a few lines from me yesterday, and undoubtedly you understand me. My character you have injured; and, further, you have insulted me in the presence of the Court and a large audience. I therefore call upon you as a gentleman to give me satisfaction for the same. And I further call upon you to give me an answer immediately without equivocation, and I hope you can do without dinner until the business is done; for it is consistent with the character of a gentleman when he injures another to make a speedy reparation. Therefore I hope you will not fail in meeting me this day. From your obt. st.,

ANDREW JACKSON.
  
P. S.—This evening after court adjourns.

Avery concluded to accept this challenge; and, so, in the dusk of the summer evening, the duel came off in a hollow north of Jonesboro, in the presence of the same crowd that had laughed at Jackson's predicament. When the word was given, Jackson fired quickly, and his ball flicked Avery's ear, scratching it slightly.

Now was Avery's chance to change the later history of his country, but his Puritan blood asserted itself. He fired in the air, then advanced and offered Jackson his hand, which was accepted. —Youth's Companion.

## A Terrible Experience.

Tied fast to the railroad track, unable to move hand or foot, the poor wretch could hear in the distance a rumble of the approaching train! Nearer and nearer it came to where he lay—louder and louder grew the roar of its swift oncoming—the earth shook with its mighty rush! He struggled and strained at his bonds, but was powerless to move them, while horrid fear clave his tongue to the roof of his mouth when he would have screamed for help! Nearer—nearer—louder—louder! Ha! There—there—the fearful rumbling fills his ears and floods his brain! It is on him! Merciful heavens, Will—

With an agonized start the sleeping tramp awoke and fell to kicking his mate.
  
"Give me nightmares with your snoring, will yer!" he savagely snarled. "Take dat! An' dat!"

## He Got His Money Back.

One night after the curtain was rung up at a certain English theatre, where the "Standing Room Only" was not needed, a small boy was discovered sobbing in front of the box-office. The manager of the theatre went to the lad and kindly asked him what the trouble was. "I want my money back!" sobbed the boy. In surprise the manager asked the reason for such request. "Because—because I'm afraid to sit up in the gallery alone!" he wailed. His money was returned.—Argonaut.

## INDIANS OF COLORADO.

How the Colored Troops Helped to Put the Quietus on Them.

The Indians have ceased to trouble if Colorado. The warlike Arapahoes are extinct, the Utes, the Uncompagres and the Navahoes remain on their reservations in Utah. Some twelve or fifteen years ago, at the White river agency, just north of the Roan mountains, an agent named Meeker, who cherished a wild idea that his Indians adored him, fell out with them, and was discovered at his back door with no scalp on the top of his head. His daughter, Miss Josephine Meeker, was carried off by a buck whom she designated in her narrative as "the gallant Persuase." A small party of troops, dispatched to the agency, fell into an ambushade. The men built a small corral of boulders, behind which they crouched to avoid the shots of the Indians, who occupied the surrounding heights. Their supply of rations was short, and the Indians used their Winchester effectively. The beleaguered soldiers seemed to have no alternative but death or starvation.

But the secretary of war acted with vigor. Troops were gathered from Bridger, Laramie and Halleck, as well as Leavenworth, and were placed under the command of Colonel Wesley Merritt. "Old Wesley," said veterans, "will come with a twirl." And so he did—tearing over brier and brake with mounted troopers and wagons full of Indian fighters. Still, the poor fellows in the corral were growing very hungry, and when a cap was lifted above the boulders it had a hole in it before it could be drawn down. I will not undertake to describe their emotion when one gray dawn the blast of a bugle rang through the morning air, and an old soldier shouted: "That's the night signal of the Fifth United States Cavalry. Readers who care for the rest of the story can get it from Chief Douglas, who is a life prisoner at Fort Leavenworth.

As to one little incident, it may be fair to anticipate him. In the force under Colonel Merritt was a company of colored troops. They sprang like tigers into the corral, with Indian bullets singing round their heads, and threw their rations to their white comrades, then dashed up the hillside with the light of battle in their eyes, firing as they went. When they reached the summit the Indian fire was silenced.

In the force whose lives were saved there was a young Irish recruit who used to tell the story in a racy style, and to wind up with the sentence: "And now, gentlemen, if you know of any man who says he will not serve with a naggur, I'll ask you to introduce me."—Leslie's Weekly.

## Population of the Earth.

The population of the earth is to be enumerated in 1900 and made public on January 1, 1901. This feat will be attempted under the auspices of the International Statistical society, which at its recent meeting at Berne, Switzerland, started the movement which is to take the world's census. The population of the world has been roughly estimated at 1,500,000,000 or as Prof. Serviss puts it, thirty inhabitants to every square mile of the globe; but this is believed to be too low. That figure was fixed upon long ago, and in the meantime the greater nations, with possibly one exception, have been steadily increasing. The revised estimate is 1,700,000,000, divided thus: Asia, 900,000,000; Europe, 400,000,000; Africa, 250,000,000; North and South America, 140,000,000; and Oceania, 10,000,000; but who knows how nearly accurate this estimate is? In fully two-thirds of the inhabited portions of the globe there has never been an actual enumeration.

## The Cat Spoiled the Music.

A few nights ago, when the big aeolian at the Great Northern began its usual evening program it didn't seem to work just right. The aeolian was doing its level best to play the wedding march from "Lohengrin," but made an awful mess of it.

The first strain which everybody remembers goes "Rum-tum-tum," was followed by "meow-wow-ow." All the crowd looked up at the organ and tried to locate the spot where the unusual accompaniment came from. The next strain of the march was followed by a screeching yowl that was heard clear up to the G floor. People at dinner dropped their knives and forks and looked nervously at each other and then at the doors and windows. Just as the third yell came out of the aeolian Proprietor Eden was seen on the second floor stealthily moving toward the instrument with a ladder in his hands.

Mr. Eden crept up close to the aeolian and listened for a moment. Then he put his ladder against the right side and slowly made his way to the top. When he got up he reached over and put his hand down inside of the flat pipe. There were no results at first. Then he stood on tiptoe and shoved his arm to the shoulder down the mouth of the pipe. Then followed a terrible yowling and scratching, but the column pulled and with a noise like the departure of a tight cork from the neck of a beer bottle he pulled the hotel cat out of the pipe and carried it back to the baggage room, where it belongs.

## Science on Brain.

The following extract is from Havelock Ellis' book, "Man and Woman": "Again, until quite recent times it has over and over again been emphatically stated by brain anatomists that the frontal region is relatively larger in men, the parietal in women. This conclusion is now beginning to be regarded as the reverse of the truth, but we have to recognize that it was inevitable. It was firmly believed that the frontal region is relatively larger, highest and most abstract, intellectual process, and if on examining a dozen or two brains an anatomist found himself landed in the conclusion that the frontal region is relatively larger in women the probability is that he would feel that he had reached a conclusion that was absurd. It may, indeed, be said that it is only since it has become known that the frontal region of the brain is of greater relative extent in the ape than it is in man and has no special connection with the higher intellectual processes that it has become possible to recognize the fact that that region is relatively more extensive in women."

## WHAT THE MATTER WAS.

Little Game of Two Choir Members Which the Minister Spoiled.

A minister's widow tells this: "My husband," she said, "had brown eyes that turned deeply, darkly black when he was angry, and which danced with most miraculous merriment when he was amused. Naturally, in the course of a long life with him, I came to know the varying expression of those eyes pretty well. I used to watch his eyes when he was preaching to know how things were going with him and, incidentally, with the congregation. I remember once in the midst of a most earnest discourse to have seen him stop suddenly for the space of a minute, not more, his eyes growing strangely black, then brightening again with that irresistible twinkle, though the rest of his features remained quite grave throughout. As I said, it was only for a moment; then he resumed his sermon as before.

" 'What was the matter?' I asked when church was out and we were on our way home.

" 'Why, I came so near laughing out in church that there was no fun in it,' he said. 'Of course the choir is hidden from the congregation behind its protecting screen in the rear of the church, but it chances to be exactly in my line of vision as I stand on the rostrum. When I stopped in my sermon today, it was because I happened to glance choirward and saw our new soprano and new tenor having a quiet game of cards behind the screen. They must have felt my gaze upon them, for when they looked up and caught my eye those cards disappeared so suddenly and mysteriously I thought that in spite of everything I should burst out laughing.' —Philadelphia Times.

## ORIGINAL TACTICS.

Unique Manual of Arms Prepared by "Extra Billy."

The most remarkable company of soldiers ever drilled in this country fought under "Extra Billy" Smith, twice governor of Virginia. He acquired the nickname through connection with the extensive mill contracts which he had before the war, his charge to the government of "extra work" on his star routes being so frequent and large as to keep the postoffice department in a state of constant ferment.

He was a grand old man of the rough, honest type of "Blue Jeans" Williams, Lincoln, Thurman, Jerry Rusk, Crawford and Jenkins. His education had been sadly neglected, but he owned brains to spare and horse sense enough for three ordinary governors. He drilled his men according to "Extra Billy's Tactics," an unpublished manual of arms.

A drill lesson: Colonel "Extra Billy"—Now, boys, git yo'selves in position. Are yo' ready? Tote arms! Deliver arms! Rest yo' muskets! Tote arms! Ground yo' rifles! That's tol'ble good. Are you ready again? Well, here we go. Fix yo' stickers! (Fix bayonets.) Now charge 'em and stick 'em!

One day he led his men into a blind lane about a mile long, and arriving at the end could not see his way out except by tearing down fences and going through a wheatfield guarded by an angry farmer with a dangerous looking gun. The objective point was the opposite side of the field. After studying gravely the situation he gave the order, "Disband, boys, an meet me tomorrow mornin on the tother side of the field whar we aimed to git this evening." —Kansas City Journal.

## A Military Trick.

One of our German-American citizens related the following incident of the German revolution of 1848:

" 'We were short of men and had a large number of prisoners to look after. That did not worry us as long as we were not moving, but one day we had to make a forced march. The country through which we were to pass was hostile, and extreme watchfulness was necessary. We had few enough men as it was, and we knew that those prisoners were ready to make a dead run at the first opening.

" 'Finally a young officer made a brilliant suggestion, and it was promptly carried out. We ripped the suspender buttons from the prisoners' trousers, took away their belts and knew we had them. Their hands were busy after that, and fast running was out of the question. We made the march safely, and I do not believe that even Yankee ingenuity could have invented a simpler solution.' —New York Tribune.

## A Useful Mule.

"Tom, that old sway backed mawl o' yours ain't no good under a saddle, is he?"

" 'Nope; too slow an clumsy.'
  
" 'Ner in th' buggy er waggin?'
  
" 'Nope; too awkward fer that.'
  
" 'Ner at pullin on the plow?'
  
" 'Nope; wants ter graze too much.'
  
" 'What you keepin him fer, then?'
  
" 'Waal, you see, we ain't got no clock at our house, an that ole mawl brays at dinner time jest ez shore ez the yearth turns over. Yassar, I've been called to dinner by that mawl's bray fer the last five years an I'm allus right plum on time.' —Atlanta Journal.

## Well Rebuked.

It is recorded of a young fop who visited one of the Rothschilds that he was so proud of his malachite sleeve buttons that he insisted upon exhibiting them to his host.

The latter looked at them and said: " 'Yes, it is a pretty stone. I have a mantelpiece made of it in the next room.' "

Nature has given us two ears, two eyes and but one tongue, to the end that we should hear and see more than we speak.—Socrates.

A whale of 50 tons weight exerts 145 horsepower in swimming 19 miles an hour.

## DOMESTIC DIFFICULTIES.

There ought not to be much difficulty in breaking the plate-glass corner.

Does Dr. Leach still insist on slaughtering himself to make a Niagara Falls holiday?

Why not make Gen. Fred Grant Demonstrator of Strategy and keep him at Camp Thomas?

A man whom Mayor Diehl married the other day gave His Honor a tip on the races. Talking of black ingratitude!

It is to be hoped that the reading of the Declaration of Independence to-day will not be interrupted by rude cries of "author!"

A woman has been discovered who carries a revolver to ward off suitors! But she is the only marriageable white woman in Amboy, China.

The first summer resort to suffer from the ravages of war in the present trouble is El Caney. What have the Canadian papers to say of this?

Watch the poets get in their dno work on the incident of the 21st infantry singing "The Star-Spangled Banner," while standing under the Spanish fire!

Marauding small boys continue to fall out of cherry trees and break their legs. That wasn't the way in which George Washington, who invented the Fourth of July, used a cherry tree.

I wonder how many of the men who wear little flags on their shirts, collars and hat bands have bought a \$20 war bond, or, for that matter, have spent a dollar for war revenue stamps?

Cleveland has begun a discussion about passing an ordinance to regulate the speed of horseless carriages in the public thoroughfares. Has the horseless carriage actually reached Cleveland.

It would probably interest a good many people to know why street-car conductors always ring their fare registers by jerking down on the cord, instead of in the direction in which it runs. Will some conductor kindly explain?

After getting a divorce so that he could marry another woman, a Chicago Italian sued for and recovered

\$200 he had paid his first mother-in-law for his first wife. Chicago civilization is indeed a strange and wonderful thing.

It is said that the elder Leiter has just made arrangements to borrow \$3,000,000, with the understanding that he may ask for another loan of the same size, all of which is to be used to square up the deal young Joe was in. There is some consolation in this though. The cold thrills which necessarily accompany such a transaction must be pleasant in this heated term.

## CARE OF THE EYES.

It is surely unnecessary to say that belladonna and all advertised beautifiers for the eyes are most injurious; the eye is so delicate an organ, sight is so vital to the enjoyment of life, that these sensitive windows of the soul should be subjected to no tricks. If one is in good health the eyes will be sufficiently bright and beautiful; if they are dull and heavy-looking pay a visit to your doctor.

When you have nothing to do, when you are just resting, close your eyes. So long as the eyes are open they are to a certain extent at work; besides, the moisture of the lid is very good for them. Good sight is one of the greatest blessings of life, and it behooves us, for our own sake, to take care of our eyes. But remember always that you may spoil the sight by using the eyes too little, that is only a degree less harmful than using them too much.

Few people know how good a cold-water bath is for the eyes. Numbers of folk bathe the eyes with a sponge and cold water, but this of necessity is done with the lids closed; it is very much better if the eyes are opened in cold water. This, of course, can be done by filling a basin with water, putting the face in and opening the eyes once or twice under it, this is not always convenient, however, as one is apt to wet one's hair at the same time. At any chemist's one can buy for a small price a little eyeglass, made to fit the hollow of the eye; one of these should be filled with clear, cold water, and the eye opened and shut two or three times in it. Celan water should be used for each eye.

Alcohol is being used with mantle lamps to illuminate parts of Berlin's park at Thiergarten.

## SUMMER CATARRH

Catarrh of the bowels, because it is most prevalent in the summer months, is called summer catarrh.

It surprises many that bowel trouble is catarrhal. Dr. Hartman's books make this plain. Write to the Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, O., for them. They tell all about catarrh and how Pe-ru-na cures it wherever located.

" 'I had chronic diarrhoea for fifteen years,' writes Mr. T. E. Miller, Grand Prairie, Tex. 'I tried many medicines and doctors in vain. At last Pe-ru-na was recommended, and it relieved and cured me at once.' "

Mr. John Harting, 633 Main St., Cincinnati, O., writes: "My wife and myself took your Pe-ru-na for chronic diarrhoea and it cured us. No doctor or medicine we tried before helped us."

Mr. Edward Wormack, Ledbetter, Tex., writes: "Pe-ru-na for bowel troubles is unequalled by anything in my experience. I owe my life to Pe-ru-na, and shall always recommend it to those suffering as I was."

Mr. John Edgarton, 1036 Third Ave., Altoona, Pa., says: "I suffered from dysentery for three years. I took Pe-ru-na and am now well."

## Earth's Greatest Wonder.

Did you ever see it? If you have you wish to see it again. The Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling Ry. (one of the wonders) will take you to Niagara Falls and return for less than you can stay at home. Excursion train on August 27 with through sleepers and ladies' coaches from all stations. Saturday, August 27. Consult agent and get a ticket entitling you to a good berth or seat. Everybody going this time. Stop-overs granted at Chautauque lake.

## "The Apparel Oft Proclaims the Man."

Well, that depends on the apparel. Some clothing is like a yard stick, straight up and down; not so ours. In fact, there's a singularity about our Clothing that stamps it as decidedly original. It's made to fit, that's the whole secret of it.

\$5.97 buys a good serviceable, all-wool Suit, \$7.47 buys something better, and \$9.84 buys a Nobby, Stylish Suit.

Big reductions throughout our entire stock. We will not carry goods to another season if .....price will move them.....

## WHITMAN, Cash Clothier and Furnisher.

## THIS SOMETHING FOR NOTHING SALE

## Will Positively Close September 1st

It has been the most successful Clearance Sale ever inaugurated in this store. People are becoming alive to the fact that it's a big saving to take advantage of these popular sales.

## Are You Going to Housekeeping?

In the next six months? You cannot afford to miss this opportunity. 20 to 30 per cent is surely saved by getting your outfit here during the next few days.



## Enameled Bedsteads!

No better assortment shown in the state.

## A Few Days Only at Your Own Price.

\$15.00, \$16.00 and \$17.00 beds, cut to

## \$12.00 Until Sept. 1st

## DININGROOM FURNITURE

Gets another cut. Sideboards that sold at \$27, \$28 and \$30 now go at \$20. A few left at \$9.98.

## Come in and Look Around.

Our whole store is a complete Bargain Department. Don't be afraid to make us an offer.



We propose to make these last days famous in this already famous store for bargains.

## Benedict's White Palace!



# THE INDEPENDENT.

## THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,

INDEPENDENT BUILDING,  
30 N. Erie Street, - - MASSILLON, O.

WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1853.  
DAILY FOUNDED IN 1887.  
SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1890.

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE No. 60.  
FARMERS' TELEPHONE No. 60.

THE EVENING INDEPENDENT is on  
sale at Bahney's Book Store, Ham-  
merlin's Cigar Stand (Hotel Conrad),  
and Bert Hankin's News stand in  
North Mill street.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 25, 1898.

Recent advices from Cavite not only confirm the original story of the shameful doings of the German fleet in Manila bay, but show that not half the truth of their outrages upon neutrality has been told until now. They also show that Admiral Dewey has had more difficulties to deal with than have been known up to the present time, and that his qualities as a diplomat have been, if possible, underrated.

There is one straight line of duty for Republicans to pursue this fall, and that is to vote for the election of a congress that will uphold and sustain President McKinley in carrying out the policy which he may adopt towards disposing of questions which have arisen since the war with Spain, during which he has demonstrated an ability to successfully cope with such difficulties as may arise and a desire to serve the best interests of the American people.

The letter of thanks, good will and farewell issued to the American army in behalf of the Spanish soldiers in Cuba, besides being the expression of a knightly spirit which cannot fail to be appreciated by our men, shows that the Spanish mind, whatever may be its shortcomings in other directions, is not unresponsive to those acts of kindness and consideration which are the outcome of our American civilization, and that the silent teachings of freedom have not fallen on barren ground.

The Hon. James A. Rice, mayor of Canton, seems to have the distinction, so far, of being the only candidate in the field for the nomination of governor next year. Mayor Rice was in the race before the convention that nominated Horace Chapman in Columbus a year ago, but he was evidently unaffected by his own failure at that time or by the discouragements which fell to the lot of "Plain Horace" later on. "If at first you don't succeed," etc., is an adage apparently well lived up to in Democratic circles.

Followers of William Jennings Bryan, who made dark predictions concerning the financial straits to which the country would be reduced as a result of the retention of the gold standard, can be respectfully referred to a recent dispatch from Topeka, Kan., stating that Kansas bankers are complaining that their vaults are full of money which they cannot lend, and that the state bank commissioner is urging people with big deposits to buy notes from Eastern investors in order to get their money into circulation.

It will be no easy task to handle Aguinaldo should he be disposed to make trouble for the Americans, but if it is possible to keep the aspiring dictator in check by peaceful means, General Merritt has sufficient tact to do it. If Aguinaldo, however, determines upon a beligerent line of action, the United States will have to do what General Alger suggested two or three weeks ago—"Lick the insurgents as we licked the Spaniards." In any event there are enough of Uncle Sam's soldiers and sailors at Manila to make Merritt and Dewey masters of the situation.

The decision not to increase General Merritt's forces at present is a good assurance of the administration's avowed confidence that the insurgents under Aguinaldo will not cause any serious trouble. It has not even been thought necessary to send General Merritt any instructions to guide him in making reply to the eight demands of the insurgent leader, as those originally sent are of a sufficiently broad and comprehensive character to meet the present and almost any possible future emergency. Altogether the situation at Manila is satisfactory and it is unlikely that the government will have any further trouble in maintaining its military position pending the conclusion of negotiations for peace.

### YELLOW FEVER IN CAMP.

The current issue of the Ohio Sanitary Bulletin discusses the possibilities for controlling or preventing altogether the spread of yellow fever in military camps, not only in Cuba, but in this country, when the troops are not in the field and where there is a wide choice in the selection of their camps, their food and water supplies. "Years ago," says the Bulletin, "the celebrated physician, Benjamin Rush, said that somebody ought to be hanged whenever a case of typhoid fever occurred. But we are constantly having cases of typhoid fever in civil life, and without being able to incriminate anyone. It is true, on the other hand, that we have been able to almost completely stop typhoid fever in cities where the disease has long prevail-

ed, by simply giving them pure water. We have doubtless much to learn about this disease, and we have, perhaps, been claiming too much as to what we could do in preventing it under certain conditions. We must admit that given the control of all the conditions we can prevent typhoid fever, or any other disease of that nature. But we want to know these uncontrollable conditions which have caused so much sickness among our troops. It may teach us a great deal in the management of this disease; and it may be that some of these conditions which cannot be controlled in military life may be successfully dealt with in civil life.

Those of us engaged in the saving of life and the prevention of disease were sure that sanitation would take a most prominent place in any war that could arise between civilized countries in these times, and so it has. We all felt that our country was to be congratulated upon having at the head of its medical department of the army one of the foremost sanitarians of the world. We feel perfectly sure that so far as he had control of matters nothing was left undone to protect our troops against preventable diseases. We were not sure of the extent of his powers in this direction, but one of the following propositions must be true:

1. The location and sanitary control of the camps and the selection of the water supply was beyond the jurisdiction of the surgeon-general, or
2. His orders were not enforced, or
3. It is impossible, with our present knowledge, to prevent the development and spread of typhoid fever in military camps.

If the surgeon-general has no authority to control the location and sanitary condition of camps, a change is needed in our military system. Military commanders must have supreme control of troops in the field, but medical commanders should have absolute control (so far as sanitary matters are concerned) of troops in camp.

If it is impossible to prevent typhoid fever in camps, it is because our knowledge of the disease is lacking.

The investigations under way of typhoid at Camp Alger and Camp Thomas may throw light on this question which will show us how to accomplish more in the prevention of this disease in civil life.

### THE PHILIPPINES.

The Stars and Stripes, let it be hoped, will continue to float over Manila for all time.—Cleveland Leader.

A few earnest men who have often misled themselves into believing they guide public opinion would surrender the Philippines. They are satisfied with Hawaii, Porto Rico and Guam. They wanted none of these, but could not help themselves. Now they are struggling vigorously against the tide, which is sweeping them away. The probability now is that instead of confining our interests in the Philippines to a mere coaling station, we may by force of circumstances take the entire group.—Springfield Union.

The weight of the press of the United States is being brought to bear upon Washington in favor of the retention of the Philippine islands. Here and there a cranky newspaper opposes the tide of public opinion, but such journals are few and far between and of little influence.—San Francisco Report.

It is unquestionably the fact that a large majority of the American people are in favor of the acquisition of the Philippines, and that any politician, whether Republican or Democrat, who evades or opposes the idea is likely to become unpopular.—Boston Traveler.

It is true that the entire trade of the Philippines does not exceed \$30,000,000 a year. It is not true, however, that with proper development the trade of the Philippines could not be made to reach a greater total. If opportunities be fairly given for the investment of American capital and a reciprocity treaty be negotiated with the Philippine government, whatever that government may be, a great trade could be developed without the violation of international rights and without the assumption on the part of the United States of a right to dictate the policy of the government of the Philippines.—Boston Advertiser.

Of course the principle which dictated our action in Cuba must dictate to some extent in the settlement of the Philippine difficulty, but no settlement should be permitted that does not give us naval and trade advantages, as these will exert a strong influence in extending the domain of humane government. We must extend Anglo-Saxon civilization in the far East.—Evening Wisconsin.

### PATRIOTIC YOUTHS.

Flag-raising in Wellman Street and on the West Side.

The youths of the neighborhood gathered at the Sibila residence, in Wellman street, at 6:30 o'clock on Tuesday evening, at which hour the stars and stripes were run to the top of a pole that patriotic boys had only that morning brought in from a nearby wood. Several pigeons were imprisoned within the folds of the flag, and when it reached its place on the staff and became unfurled, the freed birds circled round and round the pole, seeming to enter thoroughly into the spirit of the occasion. Speeches were made by Raymond Sibila and John Hammersmith.

The boys of the West Side raised a pole and flag at the Wagner residence Tuesday evening. Mr. Benjamin Wagner officiating at the unfurling of the banner.

### Being Held at Navarre.

NAVARRE, Aug. 24.—The Ladies' Aid Society of the Niesch church is holding its annual meeting in this city. About forty members are present.

# PREPARING TO RESUME.

## Fires to be Lighted at Reed & Co.'s Plant.

### MR. STOEHR HAS LEFT MEXICO.

One of the Tank Furnaces will be in Operation Before the Middle of next Month, Which will be About Five Weeks Earlier Than was Expected.

Lawrence S. Stoehr, who has been making a tour of Mexico in the interest of Reed & Company, manufacturers of glassware, will arrive in Massillon the latter part of this week. Mr. Stoehr's trip was one of the most successful that he has ever made. During the short time that he was gone, he succeeded in securing orders for 17,000 gross of bottles in a field where the American made bottle was never seen and but seldom heard of. Ware manufactured in Germany was in use almost exclusively, and at one time it was thought to be impossible for the industries of the United States to compete with the people across the water.

But Mr. Stoehr has proved to the Mexicans that in Massillon there is a concern that can make a better bottle for less money than any German manufactory. Certain concessions made by railway companies in their freight rates have proved of value to Reed & Company, as in years gone by the enormous sum that it cost to ship a consignment of bottles to Mexico was a barrier that few thought could ever be overcome. If all of the bottles that Mr. Stoehr has sold were to be shipped at one time, they would require a train of eighty cars. Five carloads have already been sent, as was stated in THE INDEPENDENT some time ago, and all were certain then that everything possible had been done in Mexico. Nobody was prepared for the order that called for seventy-five additional carloads.

In consequence of the success of Mr. Stoehr, Reed & Company are now pushing the repairs at the works with all possible speed, and will resume operations just as soon as the work is completed, which will not be later than the middle of next month. A few weeks ago it was not thought that the bottle-blowing would be commenced until some time in October. In the "old" tank, there are now 100 tons of amber glass. This is being removed. The process is almost like quarrying, as the glass is cold and is as hard as flint. The amber is to be replaced by green glass. The fire in this furnace will be lighted the latter part of this week. About three weeks will be required to heat the glass properly, and at the expiration of that time bottle making will begin. The repairs of the other tank will not be completed in time to allow it to be put in operation with the other. Many glass-blowers had arranged for vacations far into October, but today's news will necessitate a change in their plans.

### COMMISSIONER BEGINS WORK.

The South Duncan Street Residents to Have Relief.

Street Commissioner Helline this morning went to work on the South Duncan street gutter, to whose bad condition THE INDEPENDENT last evening called attention. What he can do, however, will only afford the residents temporary relief. The only way in which permanent good can be done is by curbing and paving the gutter. Mr. Helline says he will again haul away the tin cans and other rubbish from the Walnut street gutters, and that he intends to post a notice in the neighborhood that if they deposit anything in the gutters that does not belong there, they will be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law.

### Workers Wanted at Smithville.

Farmers in the vicinity of Smithville, Wayne county, are unable to secure enough help to gather their crop of pickles, now ready for delivery at the factory. Something like four hundred acres are planted to this crop, and the yield is abundant. From three to four thousand bushels are now being picked every day, and scores of boys and girls are needed. One extensive grower was in town today trying to secure help, but succeeded in getting but two boys to accompany him home. This gentleman says that if a man and wife with children were to go there, they could secure temporary quarters to live in, board themselves, and have remunerative employment for the next two or three weeks. If any information on the subject is desired, a letter addressed to S. J. King, Smithville, will meet with a prompt response.

### Big Price for a Broken Heart.

Not long since a Danville, Ill., jury ordered the male defendant in a breach of promise case to pay the competent sum of \$54,333.33 to the afflicted one. Though it is a pretty high estimate of blighted affection, there is another estimate which, if not in dollars and cents exactly as high, yet in general consideration of excellence reaches as lofty an altitude. This is the estimate of the people as regards the efficacy of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as a remedy for constipation. The action of this gentle, but effective laxative, is never accompanied by griping so marked in the operation of most cathartics. It is an incomparable remedy for and preventive of malarial, rheumatic and kidney complaints, and a promoter of appetite and sleep.

### For Over Fifty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. 25c a bottle.

Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling Ry.

Niagara Falls, Aug. 27. Fare from Massillon and return, 94.

### PUBLIC LIBRARY NEWS.

Four Thousand Volumes Ready—Prospects for Opening.

The work of cataloguing the books at the McClymonds Public Library is going rapidly forward, over four thousand volumes being now ready for the shelves. The process of cataloguing has already been described in THE INDEPENDENT, and it will be remembered that each book must be classified, entered in the accession or library book, and have four labels, marked with its book, class and accession number, and one pocket for the charging system, pasted into it before it is ready to be loaned out. For each book, also, there must be written one or more catalogue cards, one shelf list card and one book card for the charging system. Besides this, the checking of the bills for the five thousand volumes, which have already arrived, has been no small task, and it can easily be seen that there has been no unreasonable delay in getting the library ready for public use.

The book stacks are promised to be in position by September 1, but it is not at all likely that the library can be opened before the first of January as the trustees intend to purchase in the neighborhood of 10,000 volumes. The bindings as a rule are in the best cloth. No money has been spent on editions of luxe, but the public are assured of well bound and well printed editions. As the library takes form, it is seen that in addition to the well selected list of fiction, which is always necessary to a well appointed public and popular library, there are many valuable works for serious study and research, so that the shelves will be useful to those who desire to pursue certain lines of study as well as for readers who have lighter literary tastes. Up to the present time nearly three hundred books have been donated to the library.

### THE SIR KNIGHTS LEAVE.

They Go to Indianapolis on a Sunday Special Train.

Forty-three tickets to Indianapolis were sold by the local agent of the Pennsylvania Railway Company on Sunday morning. This was the last place at which the special train of the Eighth Regiment, Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias, stopped to take on passengers. It arrived here at about 10:38 o'clock, following out the regular train that leaves Massillon at that hour. Some of the sir knights and officers were accompanied by their families. The members of Enterprise Division who left were: Colonel J. C. F. Putman, Major H. V. Kramer, Adjutant G. C. Haverstack, Adjutant D. C. Borton, Captain Cameron, Lieutenant Wagoner, Lieutenant Lasher, Sir Knights H. Weible, H. Wagner, J. Seese, D. Idem, R. W. Buttermore, A. L. Wilhelm, S. Burd, T. McGuire, W. F. Breed, G. W. Doll, M. E. Porter and Jacob Pinkie. The national encampment of the Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias is now being held at Indianapolis.

### COUNTY SEAT NEWS.

Common Pleas Court Adjourned Until September 19th.

CANTON, Aug. 23.—The Welsh church congregation, of Massillon, has been given a decree authorizing the trustees of the church to borrow \$500 and mortgage the church property to secure the payment of the same. Judge McCarty disposed of several cases Monday afternoon. In the divorce case of Maggie Matthews against Harry H. Matthews, the court decreed the plaintiff \$50 alimony, pending the final hearing of the case, and ordered that \$25 be paid at once, the balance within thirty days. In the paternity case of Anna Dickerson against Emmanuel Young, a settlement was effected by the defendant paying the plaintiff \$175 and paying the costs in the justice and common pleas courts. Henry Beiler appeared as counsel for the plaintiff. After confirming a number of sales, Judge McCarty adjourned court until September 19th.

### North Lawrence and Urban Hill.

NORTH LAWRENCE, Aug. 22.—Mrs. Wilson is visiting her son, Hugh, this week.

The Sickman-Kisner reunion occurred at Canton on August 20, on the grounds at Meyer's lake. This is the first reunion of this large and jovial family.

John Williams is preparing his household effects preparatory to moving them to Columbus. He received an appointment to a clerkship under Commissioner John P. Jones.

The Rev. Mr. Graham and the Rev. Mr. Davidson exchanged pulpits last Sunday.

The Stark County Christian Endeavor convention will be held at Robertsville, August 24 and 25.

John Wetzel, little son and daughter, took train Saturday morning for Beach City, where they visited over Sunday with Mrs. Wetzel's mother.

Mrs. Mary Ellen Hardgrove will spend next week at Lakeside, in attendance at the camp meeting.

Willie Jones, the four-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. James Jones, was buried last Wednesday. He died of diphtheria, after only one day of sickness. These parents have the sympathy of their friends and neighbors in this sore bereavement.

### A Twentieth Century Train.

Electric lighted throughout (including lights at the head of each berth), the Northwestern Limited, which leaves Chicago daily at 6:30 p. m. and reaches St. Paul and Minneapolis early next morning, is regarded by the travelling public as the highest development in railway science. This train is equipped with buffet, smoking and library cars, regular and compartment sleeping cars and luxurious dining cars.

The principal summer resorts in Wisconsin are most easily reached via the Chicago & Northwestern Railway, "the pioneer line west and northwest of Chicago." All ticket agents sell tickets via this popular route.

Subscribe for THE INDEPENDENT.

# NEWS FROM NEWMAN.

## The K. of L. Picnic Proves a Great Success.

### NAMES OF THE PRIZE WINNERS.

Mr. Ratchford's Place was Filled by W. C. Scott, Who Delivered an Excellent Address—Other Items of Interest from the Youngstown Hill Neighborhood.

NEWMAN, Aug. 23.—Mrs. David Cornelius and two children, of Youngstown, are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Morgan.

In the appointing of the members to the National Industrial commission, we have failed to discover the name of our own M. D. Ratchford. Of course the commission is not yet completed, and we will continue to hope for the best. We are credibly informed that, Gen. Harris is slated as the Ohio man for that appointment. This being true, Mike's friends will have to get a hustle on them in order to land the prize safely. We believe that his appointment to the commission would give universal satisfaction to the operators as well as the miners of this country. At least his endorsements would indicate as much.

The twentieth annual picnic given under the auspices of Chapman Assembly, 164, K. of L., took place Saturday, and was largely attended by friends from Massillon, West Brookfield, East Greenville, North Lawrence, Canal Fulton and Crystal Springs. As usual the weather was all that could be desired for the occasion. It is an old saying that rain never interferes with the Youngstown Hill picnic, which has so far proved true. At one o'clock the clay pigeon contest was called with eight entries, for a \$10 purse. Gust Biteman, of Elton, won first by breaking nine out of a possible ten, and Wm. Nutting, of Pauls, took second with a score of eight out of ten; the third prize went to D. Mossop, of East Greenville. The bicycle contest was won by Gust Eckert, being an easy winner. The waltzing prize was awarded by the judges to John Hammond, of North Lawrence, and Miss Mary Choniski, of Crystal Spring. At 4 o'clock President Frank Welch explained why National President M. D. Ratchford was denied the opportunity of meeting with us, but had sent a substitute in the person of W. C. Scott, of Guernsey county, one of the organizers of the mining craft, who delivered a masterly address on the benefits of strictly labor organizations.

THE INDEPENDENT was misinformed when in Monday's issue it classed Mr. Scott as a Socialist, for he is not identified with that wing of the laboring class. He was sent here directly by Mr. Ratchford, and arrived in Massillon Friday evening. President Welch next introduced State Commissioner of Labor John P. Jones, who was at his best, and delivered an able address, showing a marked improvement in his profession, that of an orator. The speaking throughout was highly appreciated by a large and attentive audience. When 12 o'clock arrived the curtain dropped and all repaired to their respective homes, feeling that it was well to be there. The twentieth annual picnic goes down into history as a grand success, socially and financially, for which the committee deserves great credit.

Work on the railroad switch to the new Drake mine began last Tuesday, coming in from the Ft. Wayne branch and the C. L. & W., making the distance about two miles.

### NORTH LAWRENCE NEWS.

NORTH LAWRENCE, Aug. 23.—Harry Johnson, the agent for W. K. Bowman & Co.'s patent mine door, is spending the week along the C. L. & W. railroad, making Uhrichsville his headquarters.

Miss Gertrude Dale, one of our popular young ladies, is spending the week in Cleveland.

J. J. Eichenberger is again at his old post, in the depot. Jay will feel at home.

Paul Dinger, one of the Socialist's orators, spoke for two hours here Monday night, and we venture to say he did not make two converts.

The Minglewood baseball club will play at Ashland Friday and Saturday of this week.

Dewey, the faithful mule at the Klondike mine, was caught below the cars on Saturday and had his front leg broken. Superintendent Baumgartner was obliged to kill him.

Our band has entered the contest at Canton on September 6, and meets every night for rehearsal. We feel safe in making the prediction that no band coming from a village anywhere near our size need apply.

The Pollock family will hold their annual reunion at Luna lake on Thursday of this week.

The comedy company that has been doing the dance and song trick in our town for one week, and have been a blank failure, pulled up stakes Monday night. Geo. E. Kaufman, the accommodating and popular operator at the station, will leave for his home in Reedsburg on Wednesday.

Florence, the wife of Charles Newstetter, died at her home near Sippo, Monday morning. The funeral will take place at 9 o'clock Thursday morning at the M. E. church in West Brookfield. Mrs. Newstetter was well known in this vicinity.

### IN RAILWAY CIRCLES.

Big Excursions Yesterday—New Cars for the Wheeling.

The excursions on the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling railway, yesterday, resulted in the sale of one hundred and one tickets for Cleveland, sixty-three for Wheeling and thirty-two for Chippewa lake at the local station.

George Reynolds, chief clerk to Superintendent Rosmer, of the C. L. & W. railway, with his operator, Edward Lafferty, spent Sunday in the city.

N. Kneffler has resumed his duties at the M. A. tower, on the Pennsylvania road, west of the city, after a brief vacation.

A number of new cabooses for the Wheeling & Lake Erie have arrived. There are also two fine cars for the bridge men. They are made expressly for Bridge Foreman Mahan and his force, and are well adapted to their needs.

Pennsylvania railway trains that pass through Massillon at night are obliged to run very slowly. The fog is so dense that headlights can hardly be seen when but a short distance away.

### THE SICK AND SUFFERING.

Massillon Women Offer Sympathy in a Practical Way.

Massillon women shipped their third box of articles needed by the Red Cross Society, Monday. The local branch of the society sent 6 sets of pajamas, 9 hospital shirts, 12 sheets, 12 pillow-slips, 24 pairs of socks, 6 wash-cloths, 5 bars of soap and 2 jars of jelly. The Daughters of America sent 13 hospital shirts, 26 towels, 16 handkerchiefs, two pillowslips and 18 cakes of soap. The Whist club contributed 79 handkerchiefs, and one package of antiseptic bandages. All of the articles mentioned here were sent in one package to the headquarters of the Red Cross Society, through Miss Florence Landon, the local secretary.

### THE CASE CONTINUED.

Barber Cabot Will not Have to Appear Until Friday.

Peter Cabot, the South Erie street barber, charged with refusing to shave G. N. Porter because he is a colored man, will not have his trial until next Friday. The case was to have come up this afternoon, but on the request of the defendant it was postponed. Mr. Porter's lawyer is J. O. Garrett. Willison & Day will represent Mr. Cabot. The latter's defense will be that Mr. Porter's skin did not appear to be in a healthy condition. Mr. Porter had been shaved in his shop before, he says, and the fact that he was a colored man did not influence him in the least.

### How to Look Good.

Good looks are really more than skin deep, depending entirely upon a healthy condition of the vital organs. If the liver is inactive, you have a bilious look; if your stomach is disordered, you have a dyspeptic look; if your kidneys are affected, you have a pinched look. Secure good health, and you will surely have good looks. "Electric Bitters" is a good alternative and tonic. Acts directly on the stomach, liver and kidneys, purifies the blood, cures pimples, blotches and boils, and gives a good complexion. Every bottle guaranteed. Sold by Z. T. Baltzly, druggist, 50 cents per bottle.

### The Enterprising Druggist.

There are few men more wide awake and enterprising than Z. T. Baltzly who spare no pains to secure the best of everything in their line for their many customers. They now have the valuable agency for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, and Colds. This is the "wonderful remedy that is producing such a furor all over the country by its many startling cures. It absolutely cures Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all affections of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. Call at above drug store and get a trial bottle free or a regular size 50 cent and \$1.00. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded.

### Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for bruises, cuts, sores, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For sale by Z. T. Baltzly.

### Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon, Aug. 23, 1898:

### LADIES.

Hollender, Miss May, Myers, Mrs. May.

### MEN.

Boltegrain, W. J. Luther, A. L.

### PACKAGES.

Chimes, Chas. Wilson.

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised.

### FELIX R. SHEPLEY, P. M.

### Have You a Son, Brother,

Husband or lover in the army or navy? Mail him today a 25c. package of Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. All who march, walk or stand need it. It cures aching, tired, sore, swollen, sweating feet, and makes hot, tight or new shoes easy. Feet can't blister, get sore, callous where Allen's Foot-Ease is used. 10,000 testimonials. All druggists and shoe stores sell it, 25c. Sample sent free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The Rev. W. B. Costley, of Stockbridge, Ga., while attending to his pastoral duties at Ellen, that state, was attacked by cholera morbus. He says: "By chance I happened to get hold of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and I think it was the means of saving my life. It relieved me at once." For sale by Z. T. Baltzly, opera block and Rader & Snyder, 12 East Main street.

Impure blood is an enemy to health and may lead to serious disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla conquers this enemy and averts danger.

"Pure and Sure."

# Cleveland's BAKING POWDER

A pure cream of tartar powder. No alum, no adulteration.



## LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Uncovered this week by Independent Investigators.

Mrs. A. Wilcox is visiting in Cleveland.

Miss Lizzie Austin is visiting friends in Alliance.

Miss Mame Deming is visiting friends in Norwalk.

Mrs. W. B. Hall is visiting Cleveland friends and relatives.

Mrs. Stanton Howells and children are visiting in Youngstown.

Mr. and Mrs. William Shafraath have left for a trip up the lakes.

Miss Pearl Mollenkopp, of Toledo, is the guest of Miss Estella Lynch.

Mrs. John Arther and children are visiting friends in Crystal Springs.

Mrs. T. J. Dillon and her guest, Miss Winifield Hanlon, are visiting friends in Canton.

Miss Maggi Arnot, of Alliance, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Markel, in Guy street.

A stone Indian mill, weighing 500 pounds, was dug up near Springfield, O., on Monday.

Miss Mame Boerner has returned home, after a month's visit in Crestline and Cleveland.

Mr. Heidey, of New Philadelphia, is visiting at the home of his sister, Mrs. Philip Gravius.

H. R. Hintz is on the sick list and N. Hansen will have charge of his shoeshop until he recovers.

The Misses Brown, of Wheeling, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Hickox, in North Mill street.

Mrs. Grace Arelus, of Cleveland, is visiting Mrs. Clara Segner, at her home in Richville avenue.

The Ingold Rusher family reunion will be held at Nimisila park, Canton, Saturday, August 27.

Mrs. Emma Falor, of Akron, has returned to that city, after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. William Sorg.

Miss Emma Hemperly left Sunday for a visit with her sister, Mrs. W. A. McRoberts, of Allegheny, Pa.

Mrs. John Wolfspurger, who went to Cleveland Sunday, will remain with relatives in that city for a week.

D. F. Streh, of Cleveland, formerly a member of J. D. Frank & Company's local force, is visiting in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Kitzmiller, of Dallas, Tex., are at the Hotel Conrad. They will remain in Massillon for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas and Miss Scott, of New Philadelphia, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Schworm, in East street.

Miss Bertha Lucas, of Cleveland, and Mrs. Harry E. Smith, of Mansfield, are guests at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. William Sorg.

Frederick J. Miller, of Iowa City, who was born and raised near this city, is paying his first visit in forty years to Massillon and vicinity.

The Rev. L. H. Burry has gone to New Bedford, O., to attend a missionary festival. He will be absent from Massillon for several days.

Mrs. W. A. Pietzcker and son, Master William, have gone to Chicago, where they will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Pietzcker and family for two weeks.

The Democratic congressional convention of the Eighteenth district will probably be held in Alliance this year. Mayor E. H. Moore and Attorney A. J. Woolf, of Youngstown, are mentioned as candidates.

Mrs. Theodore Kautzsch and son, Master Carl, of Cleveland, who have been the guests of Massillon friends for some time, have gone to Dalton, where they will remain with relatives for several days.

Mrs. Thos. Toban, in South Erie street, received a telegram announcing the death of her father, at Fairfield, Huron county. Mrs. Toban left on the 12:30 train on the Wheeling & Lake Erie for that place.

Edward Gibson has arrived in the city from Beaver Falls and has entered the employ of A. D. Volkmar. Mr. Gibson is a horseholder of many years' experience. He succeeds William Lewis, who has gone to Cleveland.

The 8-year-old daughter of J. Bostrow, of Akron, is seriously ill from the effects of the bite of a cat. The animal sunk its teeth deep into the child's leg and had to be choked to death before its hold could be released.

A corps of C. L. & W. surveyors is at work on the switch that is to run to the new mine on the Baker farm, northwest of town. Pennsylvania railway surveyors have already completed one survey from their road.

The annual reunion of the Ohio Deaf Mute Institution Alumni Association will be held in the institution for the deaf, Columbus, August 30, 31 and September 1, during the state fair week. Stark county will be well represented.

From summaries showing the ratio of railroad casualties for the year ending June 30, 1897, it appears that one out of every thirty employees was killed; that one passenger was killed for every 2,204,708 carried, and one injured for every 175,115 carried.

The next meeting of the Stark County Horticultural Society will be held at the residence of D. L. Buffmeyer, northwest of Canton, on Wednesday, Sept. 2. "Peach Yellows" was made the subject for discussion. Eli Grant will have specimens and open the discussion.

Relatives in this city received news this morning of the death of Lieutenant Frederick M. Baumgardner, of the Sixth Ohio, at the Pythian hospital, Chickamauga, Tenn. Lieutenant Baumgardner was a nephew of J. T. Routson, of Massillon. His home was in Toledo.

Joseph S. Saxton, of Canton, who was

recently injured by being struck by an electric car, is still in a precarious condition. No internal injuries have developed, but a blood clot at the base of the brain is causing his physicians, Drs. House and Pyle, a good deal of uneasiness.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Snyder, the Misses Estella and Ethel Snyder, Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Snyder, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Snyder and Master Floyd, and Walter Jones arrived in Massillon last evening, having spent two weeks among northern points of interest, including the Thousand Islands and Montreal.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Bast and Miss Bast, of this city, Mrs. Mary Dannemiller and daughters, Miss Socie and Miss Dannemiller, of Canton, have returned from Turkeyfoot lake, where they spent two pleasant weeks at Camp Shepherd. Mr. and Mrs. William Bantz were guests at the camp during the second week.

Company F, of the Eighteenth Pennsylvania, which has been on duty at the Morgan Engineering works at Alliance for the past two months, will leave tomorrow evening for Middletown, Pa. A battalion on guard at Forts Brady and Wayne, in Michigan, will reach Alliance in time to take the same train for Middletown.

Thirty Massillonians, on Sunday, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Clause, who conveyed them to their farm near Crystal Spring in a commodious hay wagon. About twenty from Crystal Spring were also present. A flag raising was held, Captain Levi Wilson delivering the address. Mr. and Mrs. Clause now reside in Massillon. Mr. Clause being the proprietor of a North Mill street saloon.

## OBITUARY NOTICE.

CASSIMER HUG.

Cassimer Hug, aged 58 years, brother-in-law of A. F. Portmann, of this city, died in Canton on Monday of stonemasons' consumption. He leaves a wife and family. The funeral will take place at 9 o'clock Thursday morning at St. Peter's church, in Canton.

MARY ANN STAIR.

Mr. EATON, Aug. 24.—Mrs. Mary Ann Stair was stricken with paralysis Sunday evening, and died at 9:15 last night, never regaining consciousness. Mrs. Stair was nearly seventy-six years of age. The funeral will be held on Friday morning.

## TO CONTINUE THE STRIKE.

Stone-cutters Will not Work for Thirty-five Cents an Hour.

At the meeting of the Massillon stone-cutters, Tuesday evening, it was decided to continue the strike at the state hospital grounds, the regular union rate of forty cents an hour to be the lowest accepted. Several non-union men have arrived from Cincinnati, and are now at work. Others are expected during the week.

Grand and Petit Jurors.

The grand and petit jurors for the opening term of court were drawn Monday and are as follows:

Grand Jurors—Aaron Houser, Nimishillen; Orrin McDowell, Lawrence; Solomon Lilly, Lexington; Charles M. Russell, Massillon; George Culver, Massillon; John J. Robertson, Alliance; I. B. Bryan, Marlboro; Samuel Clapsaddle, Marlboro; Cramer Jones, Canton; Cyrus Kirk, Law. nec: E. H. Brosius, Alliance; Louis S. Smith, Jackson; David Wymer, Paris; Edward L. Haymaker, Canton; Douglass W. Skinner, Canton; Jerry H. Williamson, Jackson.

Petit Jury—C. H. Mickens, Canton; Lee Braucher, Lawrence; John Zintmaster, Bethlehem; John Seifert, Alliance; C. F. Craig, Canton; Louis Labbe, Lawrence; D. Ricksecker, Bethlehem; Orlando Reeves, Massillon; D. K. Allinder, Bethlehem; Dol Oberlin, Tuscarawas; Noah Dewesse, Canton; Charles F. Stoker, Canton; Jacob Graze, Massillon; F. H. Darr, Canton; Henry Stoner, Tuscarawas; George Snyder, Massillon; D. Eddleman, Canton; W. W. Schleicher, Sugar Creek; E. J. Rex, Canton; Uriah R. Henry, Canton; P. L. Pfunger, Canton; Wesley Smith, Pike; Horace Sponteller, Canton; J. D. Miller, Tuscarawas.

The grand jury will report for duty September 19. The petit jurors will be called at a later date.

## Interest

is still centered in the 20 day clearance sale at Crone's, and the big bargains given are the talk of the town.

Dark outing flannel..... .05  
10 & 15 cent laws..... .03  
25 inch black black umbrella..... .45  
7 spoons O. N. T. cotton for..... .25  
25 to 50 cent dress goods..... .19  
15 cent dress goods..... .08  
Ladies' vests..... 5, 10 and 15  
Children's vests..... .08  
Best calicoes..... .05  
Best five-quarter oil cloth..... .09  
CRONE'S DRY GOODS STORE.

About one month ago my child, which is fifteen months old, had an attack of diarrhea accompanied by vomiting. I gave it such remedies as are usually given in such cases, but as nothing gave relief, we sent for a physician and it was under his care for a week. At this time the child had been sick for about ten days and was having about twenty-five operations of the bowels every twelve hours, and we were convinced that unless it soon obtained relief it would not live. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was recommended, and I decided to try it. I soon noticed a change for the better; by its continued use a complete cure was brought about and it is now perfectly healthy.—C. L. Boggs, Stumpdown, Gilmer Co., W. Va. For sale by Z. T. Baltzly, Opera block, and Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main street.

## The Best Remedy for Flux.

Mr. John Mathias, a well known stock dealer of Pulaski, Ky., says: "After suffering for over a week with flux, and my physician failing to relieve me, I was advised to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea remedy, and have the pleasure of stating that the half of one bottle cured me." For sale by Z. T. Baltzly, Opera House Block and Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main street.

Now is the time to subscribe.

## TRACKMEN IN TRAINING

Preparing to Distinguish Themselves on Labor Day.

W. D. SNYDER AND R. HARDGROVE.

Both Will Ride and Both are Expected to Win—Frank Drake, a Newcomer, Will Do a Turn—John Huber, Jim Eyster and H. Wilhelm Will Also Be Entered.

There is good reason to believe that the Stark county championship will rest in Massillon after Labor Day, when the races are to be held at the fair grounds under the auspices of the Massillon Cycle Club and the "Associated Wheels," of the Canton Y. M. C. A. Walter D. Snyder is in prime condition, and it is impossible for a Massillon man to even imagine Victor Kaufman, Frank Rutter or Leo Dannemiller, who now holds the championship, riding in his class with a ghost of a show of winning. These three will be on hand, however, and, with others, are now in hard training. Osborne will be the man who will represent Canton in the five-mile race, and here he will find himself riding against R. S. Hardgrove, John Huber and James Eyster, of this city. Of course there will be dozens of other entries, but these particular men will be watched with the greatest interest. A gold medal with a diamond setting goes to the winner of the Stark county championship this year. Walter Snyder held this championship for several consecutive seasons. Last year it went to Dannemiller. Snyder did not ride.

Frank Drake, who has not long been a resident of Massillon, coming here to work at the state hospital grounds, is a man of whom much is expected. When he lived in Indiana he won many prizes and championships, including that of first amateur of the state. He has a fine racing wheel, and he takes a daily spin that keeps him in good condition. Drake is popular among local cyclists, and will ride under their colors on Labor Day. Most of those who intend to enter the races are now in training, although Harry Wilhelm and a few others have not yet begun the hard work that is necessary.

## JAPANESE CUSTOMS.

A Successful Entertainment in the First M. E. Church.

The Japanese entertainment given in the lecture room of the First M. E. church on Tuesday evening proved to be very successful in spite of the intense heat, which kept many people away. Miss Tomo Inouye, in a charming, native costume of soft, yellow wool and satin, opened the programme by giving an interesting and instructive lecture on the habits and customs of her people, dwelling particularly upon the life of children from babyhood to marriage. Assisted by four young ladies, appropriately dressed, she then gave a tableau representing a Japanese tea party, in which the hostess and her guests knelt upon cushions and partook of refreshments in true Oriental style.

A Japanese marriage ceremony was then shown. The bride and groom, bridesmaid, best man, conductresses, "go-between" and "butterflies," the latter being flower girls, were all faithfully represented. The march for the bridal party was played by Miss Lillian Graham. Others who took part in the entertainment were Grace Allman, Ina Kemp, Florence Oberlin, Anna Brown, Bessie Newlin, Elizabeth Uhendorf, Bessie Yost, Helen Hoover, Laura Harrison, Clifford Hall and Shober Smith. The financial result was about \$20.

## SOME BASEBALL NEWS.

Society Young Men to Play Games Won and Lost by Massillon.

A baseball team composed of Massillon young men will line up against a club selected from the membership of the Canton Social Club, at the Meyers lake park, tomorrow afternoon.

Since the Massillon baseball team left the Ohio League and has been paddling its own canoe, it has made the following record, prepared by Manager W. M. Gove. As an independent club Massillon is about three months old, and of the thirty-three games played it has won twenty-four.

	Won.	Lost.
Canton.....	7	1
Norwalk.....	2	0
Lawrence.....	2	1
Geneva.....	4	1
Ashtabula.....	2	4
Uhrichsville.....	0	1
Niles.....	1	0
Carroll.....	1	0
Ashland.....	1	1
Kent.....	3	1
Wheeling.....	1	0
Totals.....	24	9

## A SENSATION IN ALLIANCE.

Miss Nora Izer Robbed the House of Her Pastor.

On the night of August 3, the residence of the Rev. T. W. Lane, pastor of the First M. E. church of Alliance, was robbed during the absence of the family. The house was discovered to be on fire early the following morning, and was saved with much difficulty. Owing to the large amount of female apparel missing, it was thought that a woman must be implicated. The case was placed in the hands of detectives and on Tuesday evening Miss Nora Izer, who is of a prominent family and a member of Dr. Lane's church, was arrested on the charge of committing the burglary. The stolen goods were found in her home. The arrest has caused a great sensation.

August 27, 1898.

Niagara Falls, C. L. & W. railway. Fare from Massillon and return, \$4.

## MR. GETZ'S HARD LUCK.

Recovering from an Illness, He Falls Down a Cellarway.

"I am the most unfortunate man alive," declared Thomas Getz, picking himself up from where he had fallen and glancing up the long stone stairs over which he had come. This was at the cellarway of Albright & Breckel's store. His foot had slipped on the first step, and he was a mass of bruises. In addition to his other injuries, Mr. Getz had two fingers on his left hand twisted out of place, and for a long time he will be unable to use the member. Not very long ago Mr. Getz had a protracted illness. When he recovered he met with an accident that sent him back to bed for several weeks. Last week he had another attack of asthma, and was just able to get around yesterday. He wanted to go to the cellar to clean it, and he sustained more injuries. When he was hurt once before, Mr. Getz arrived home in bandages just as they were carrying his little son, who had been run over by a carriage, into the house from the street. This was worse than being hurt himself. For a time the child's life was despaired of, but he finally recovered.

## MAY NOT BE CONTINUED.

Miss Landon Says People are Losing Interest in Red Cross Work.

It is doubtful whether the work commenced by Miss Florence Landon and a small number of other Massillon women in the interest of the Red Cross Society will be continued. "Massillon people are so slow," said Miss Landon, yesterday. "In the little town of Orrville everybody takes an interest in the work and the result is that large quantities of needed articles are regularly sent out. In Massillon all the work is done by a few. When we called for volunteers there were but two responses. It is hardly fair for the small number of women who have been working ever since the movement was inaugurated in Massillon to be asked to do more than they have already done, for, of course, all have other matters that demand their attention. We are willing to do all that we can, but in a town of Massillon's size the present number of workers should be doubled a dozen times."

## A FINE THOROUGHFARE.

Richville Avenue is Becoming one of the City's Best Streets.

The repairs to Richville avenue are almost completed. They have cost the city about \$4,000. Everybody, however, feels that it is a good investment, for the thoroughfare, once so rough and devoid of the qualities that make good streets, has been transformed into a comparative beauty spot. A grade has been established, curbing has been constructed and the gutters have been paved with bricks. Sidewalks are being lowered as rapidly as possible. To repair Richville avenue was the idea of the street and alley committee of the council.

## THE SALVATION ARMY.

A Camp Meeting to be Held—An Entertainment Next Week.

The Massillon corps of the Salvation Army will open a series of camp meetings at C. W. Mathie's grove, north of this city, on September 2. The meetings will progress thereafter until September 12. Officers of high rank are expected to be present.

The Salvation Army is now arranging for an entertainment to be given on the evening of September 1. It will consist of a representation of the biblical allegory of the ten virgins, and there will also be an excellent musical programme.

## SURPRISES IN STORE.

To the Editor of THE INDEPENDENT:

We notice that an alleged newspaper of Massillon continues to try to sow the seeds of discord in our labor ranks by insisting that there is trouble among the members of Chapman Assembly No. 164, K. of L., relative to printing picnic bills, when in reality there is not the shadow of truth in its statement, and, were it not for the Massillon Trades and Labor Assembly making an investigation, we would treat it as it deserves—with contempt. Its actions give strong evidence of a desperate struggle for existence, for we find that Chapman Assembly has been placed under condemnation for not having its printing done by it. We at all times feel disposed to respect honest labor, but a labor leader can be a saint all his life and the minute he meets the devil and associates with him, then we invariably reserve the right to bid him good morning and part ways there and then.

Just a word to the Massillon Trades and Labor Assembly and then we are through, until it comes to defending a charter which has stood the blasts of twenty-three solid years and was never surrendered or revoked. While you are making your investigation we invite you to give a little of your attention to the manager of the concern which has preferred the charges. If half be true that is reported, you could cover him over forty feet deep with union labels and the deeds done in the boy toward honest toil would continue to be visible.

We predict that time will convince you that the manager has no respect for any union label other than to serve his purpose. I am informed that our committee on printing (of which I am not a member) is prepared to give you an explanation at your next meeting, which may prove a surprise to at least some of you. Hear both sides, then judge. n.

## Try Allen's Foot Ease.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

## DEMOCRATS AT DAYTON.

DAYTON, O., Aug. 24.—[By Associated Press]—The Ohio Democratic convention convened at 11 a. m. The meeting was called to order by W. W. Durbin, and prayer was offered by Rev. E. E. Baker. The following temporary organization was announced: Chairman, Judge Allan Smally; secretary, W. A. Taylor; assistant secretary, Martin J. Burke; sergeant at arms, L. D. Abell; assistant sergeant at arms, Byron Bowers.

W. S. Thomas was made chairman of state central committee, and Harry W. Wilson secretary. By agreement the minority report on credentials committee was not presented, and the majority report was adopted. Lentz, as permanent chairman, made a long address, so that convention will not reach nominations till evening.

The resolutions reaffirm the Chicago platform, especially the financial plank, and favor Bryan for the Presidency in 1900. The platform favors the income tax, and says Cuba and the Philippines should be independent governments, unless they declare otherwise. The building of the Nicaragua canal is favored, militia of all states enlarged and standing army reduced. They oppose alliance with England or any other foreign power, and demand the United States Senate to take action on the findings of the Ohio Senate in the election of M. A. Hanna.

## TO BE MUSTERED OUT.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—[By Associated Press]—Orders have been issued for the mustering out of the First Vermont, First Maine, Second Iowa, Sixth Pennsylvania, Fifth Indiana, Second New York, Second Nebraska, One Hundred and Fifty-seventh Indiana, battalion of Ohio light artillery, First Illinois volunteer cavalry, batteries A, B and G light artillery, Twenty-eighth Indiana light battery and the New York and Pennsylvania cavalry troops now in Porto Rico.

## STILL AFRAID OF SPAIN.

MANILA, Aug. 24.—[By Associated Press]—The insurgents, at a conference today with the Americans, declared their willingness to disarm all their forces and co-operate with the Americans, as assured that the islands will remain a colony of the United States, or under a protectorate of the United States or Great Britain. Without this assurance they say they will not disarm, for fear of fresh assaults by the Spaniards as soon as the Americans withdraw.

## SERIOUS MINING TROUBLES.

PANA, Ill., Aug. 24.—[By Associated Press]—The sheriff has armed one hundred and twenty-five deputies with Winchester to protect the negro miners from the South. The train bearing two hundred arrived today, and were rushed through the city to the Springfield mines, where the grounds are under heavy guard.

## DESERTING CAMP THOMAS.

CHICKAMAUGA, Aug. 24.—[By Associated Press]—The Eighth Massachusetts, Twelfth New York and Twenty-first Kansas left today for Lexington, Ky. The commissary supply depot will be moved to Huntsville, Ala., where forty thousand troops will be camped.

## PENNSYLVANIA'S SOLDIERS.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 24.—[By Associated Press]—A hospital train of four coaches, two Pullmans and a baggage car fitted up as kitchen and hospital headquarters, left today for Ferdinandina to bring home Pennsylvania soldiers.

## ONLY SPANISH TALK.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—[By Associated Press]—According to a dispatch from Madrid, there has been serious fighting in Cuba between Spaniards and insurgents. The latter lost five hundred killed and wounded.

Entertainment committees will find just what they want in the way of invitations, programmes, etc., at THE INDEPENDENT office.

## FROM LOWELL, MASS.

The Home of Hood's Sarsaparilla—A Wonderful Cure.

"A swelling as big as a large marble came upon my tongue. Physicians said it was a semi-transparent tumor and must be operated upon. I felt I could not stand it, and as spring came began to take my favorite spring tonic, Hood's Sarsaparilla. The bunch gradually decreased and finally disappeared. I have had no sign of its return. I am glad to praise Hood's Sarsaparilla." Mrs. H. M. COBURN, 8 Union St., Lowell, Mass. Get HOOD'S. Hood's Pills cure Sick Headache. 25c.

# Royal Baking Powder

Most healthful leavener in the world. Goes farther.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

## THE PYTHIAN KNIGHTS.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 24.—[By Associated Press]—A strong fight is being made against the present officers of the Supreme Lodge of the Knights of Pythias, but it is understood that they will be elected. Judge Carter, of California, for supreme vice-chancellor, if he finds he cannot be elected, will throw his ninety votes against Snively, of Indiana. J. R. Abbott, of Massachusetts, and J. D. Turner, of Virginia, are announced as candidates for major general of the Uniform Rank, but it is probable Carnahan will be re-elected.

## The Bankers' Convention.

DENVER, Aug. 24.—[By Associated Press]—At the Bankers' Association today the subject, "Patriotic Spirit of Bankers" was discussed, the opening address being made by J. D. Powers, president of the First National bank of Owensboro, Ky.

## Dropped Dead at Dayton.

DAYTON, Aug. 24.—[By Associated Press]—Homer Parrott dropped dead of heart disease, while attending the Democratic convention. He was a brother of Colonel Ed. Parrott, of Dayton, and of Colonel Charles Parrott, of Columbus.

## Political Troubles in Georgia.

COLUMBIA, Ga., Aug. 24.—[By Associated Press]—During a disturbance at a political meeting at Gales, the Hon. Thomas M. Adams, Democratic candidate for the legislature, was shot in the temple and through the heart.

## Liberal Prizes for County Exhibits.

In order to bring out the largest and finest displays possible of the agricultural products of the state, the state board of agriculture has appropriated a liberal sum of money to be given as prizes for county exhibits of farm products, and has invited county agricultural organizations to take the matter in hand for the counties, make the exhibits and appoint some person of the county to superintend the collection of products, and their arrangement in collective form at the Ohio state fair. The prize money will be awarded in four premiums. For these county exhibits space will be assigned in the large brick exposition building, where the best light and greatest accommodations can be afforded.

## Without an Equal.

"My husband and I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla and have found it the best medicine we ever tried. I was weak and tired and could hardly get around to do my work, but since taking a few bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla I am well and strong." Mrs. JEAN DONNER, Little Hocking, Ohio.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, sick headache, biliousness, indigestion. Price 25c.

## Home-seekers' Excursions.

On the first and third Tuesdays in July, August, September and October, 1898 the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway will sell round-trip excursion tickets (good 21 days) from Chicago, Milwaukee and other points on its line to a great many points in South and North Dakota and other western and southwestern states at about one fare. Take a trip west and see the wonderful crops and what an amount of good land can be purchased for a little money. Further information as to rates, routes, prices of farm lands, etc., may be obtained on application to any coupon ticket agent or by addressing the following named persons: W. E. Powell, General Immigration Agent, 410 Old Colony Bldg., Chicago; H. F. Hunter, Immigration Agent for South Dakota, 291 Dearborn St., Chicago; or Geo. H. Heaford, General Passenger Agent, Chicago.

## Excess Fares Discontinued.

The Northwestern Line has discontinued excess fares on the "Colorado Special," which leaves Chicago daily 10:00 a. m., reaching Omaha at 11:55 p. m. and Denver 2:55 next afternoon. It has further improved its service by perfecting through sleeping car arrangements on the "Colorado Special" to Colorado Springs. Train leaving Chicago 10:30 p. m. daily also has through sleeping and chair cars. Tourists' tickets via the Chicago & Northwestern on sale at all important points in the United States and Canada.

## Teachers' Examination.

An examination of teachers will be conducted by the board of city examiners in the high school room, North street building on Friday and Saturday, August 26—27, 1898. The examination will begin at 8:30 o'clock on Friday morning. Teachers whose certificates have expired and applicants for any vacancies that may occur during the year should attend.

L. L. NAYE, E. A. JONES.

Pres. Sec.

Your Chance to Visit Potoskey and Mack Inac Islands.

Three excursions to those popular Northern Michigan resorts will be run via Pennsylvania lines this season. The dates are Tuesday Aug. 30th, Saturday, Sept. 3rd and Wednesday, Sept. 7th. See J. A. Shoemaker, Ticket Agent, Pa. Co., Massillon, about them.



NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE



# ALMOST MET DEATH.

August Brackmann Has a Close  
Call on Saturday.

DRAWN BY A. W. & L. E. COAL CAR.

Fortunately the Brakes Were on, Thus  
Preventing the Wheels From Passing  
Over Mr. Brackmann's Body—Face and  
Shoulders Horribly Cut.

August Brackmann, who resides at the  
corner of Wood and Walnut streets, is  
suffering from a hundred cuts and bruises  
on every part of his body, but his great-  
est agony is the thought that for many  
weeks he will be unable to provide the  
necessaries for his wife and five little  
children. Mr. Brackmann is a section  
hand, employed on the Wheeling & Lake  
Erie railway. At 4 o'clock Saturday af-  
ternoon he was walking on one of the  
tracks of the local yards. He was going  
for water. Suddenly a coal car dashed  
down the tracks. It had been given a  
start by an engine, and was running at  
a fast rate of speed. Brackmann did not  
see it, and the brakeman on the car did  
not notice Brackmann in time to warn  
him.

The brakes had been applied to the  
wheels and consequently they were not  
revolving when the car struck Brack-  
mann. The latter was thrown across  
one of the rails and the sliding wheels  
dragged him for a distance of 75 yards,  
his face striking the edge of every tie,  
while his arms were twisted and doubled  
under him and his body was cut and  
scratched by the stones and cinders of  
the roadbed. His left arm was broken,  
and the right was so horribly mangled  
that it was feared it would have to be  
amputated. Dr. Hardy, however, thinks  
that this will not be necessary. Mr.  
Brackmann is in great pain today. He  
complains of internal injuries.

AT CAMP MILITARY.  
The Band Boys Have a Flag-Raising at  
Chippewa.

CAMP MILITARY,  
CHIPPewa LAKE, Aug. 21.  
Sunday morning dawned bright and  
beautiful and the only thing to mar the  
occasion was that after the railroad had  
promised transportation to the band  
they refused it and we had to buy  
tickets, but we have some money left.  
Joe Ess refused to leave his little cot,  
or else he was tied, as he did not appear  
at the depot at 6 a. m., when the train  
left.

Sol Bailus had an electrical attach-  
ment fastened to his left ear, but it did  
not awaken him.

Nathan Lee's wife was not at home  
and he had no one to call him, so he  
missed the train, too, but came up on  
his bicycle, arriving in good time. We  
met him half way and escorted him into  
camp.

Our morning was made lively by the  
constant arrival of country people, who  
came to witness our flag-raising after  
dinner, which was served to about fifty  
guests, including the Hon. Mayor Wise  
and Thomas C. Brown, manager of the  
band.

After dinner we proceeded to our flag  
staff, and produced an elegant flag, pur-  
chased by the band's popular contribu-  
tion. Thomas Brown acted as chair-  
man of the day.

Invocation. Mrs. Della Westover, Ashland  
Song, "America"..... Military Band  
Address..... E. D. Howard  
Flag raised by Victor Eisenbrei, and un-  
dered by Mrs. L. Sampson, Ashland, O.  
"Star Spangled Banner"..... Band  
Flag salute by..... Battery Markel

BAND CONCERT.  
"Stars and Stripes Forever"..... Sousa  
Overture—"Martha"..... Flotow  
"Grand American Fantasia"..... Benayitz  
Waltz—"Thine Only Thine"..... Paul Deville  
Medley—"Ye Olden Times"..... Beyer  
Sacred Fantasia—"Joy to the World"..... Barnhouse  
March—"American Guard"..... Brooks  
Each number of the band concert was  
given a hearty round of approval.

A party of Cleveland gentlemen tried  
to engage the band for Labor Day, after  
hearing the concert, but we have a pic-  
nic at Massillon ourselves.

In the evening we escorted our visitors  
to the train, with such airs, as, "Home,  
Sweet Home," "Girl I Left Behind Me,"  
"Auld Lang Syne."

Poor Louis Eisenbrei, jr., did not en-  
joy the day at all. He complained of  
sick headache, but, we are told, it was  
heart-ache, as his girl missed the train in  
the morning.

Sol Bailus arrived at 5 p. m. meeting  
his girl at the station who had preceded  
him on the morning train. He was met  
by a delegation of boys and carried to  
camp.

Frank Gise has been writing letters  
ever since he arrived and has used up  
all the paper he can find.

Our dinner yesterday was pronounced  
by our guests to be equal to any served  
at any hotel in Stark county. It was  
prepared by Cook Lloyd, who has be-  
come a prime favorite.

Mrs. Lee and daughter drove down  
with Mr. and Mrs. Robinson from Me-  
dina and spent the day with us.

The band was given three hearty  
cheers after their concert, something  
that never happens at home, but the  
boys would appreciate it.

Billy Erie was in bathing again yes-  
terday. This is an exciting event, as  
the water rises three feet in the lake  
when he does. He is too heavy to sink  
and can swim entirely around the lake.

The little souvenir flags that were  
dropped when our flag was unfurled  
bore the following inscription: "Camp  
Military Flag Raising, Aug. 21, 1898."  
They were eagerly sought, most of them  
going to Cleveland on the hats of ex-  
curSIONISTS.

The best medicine you can take is that  
which builds a solid foundation for  
health with rich, pure blood—Hood's  
Sarsaparilla.

# THE BREAD OF ARBUTUS.

What is it in the summer air tonight  
That brings me dreams of days long ago  
And memories of hearts that have for years  
Been colder than the Alps' eternal snow?

The dewy violet of heavenly blue,  
The faint breath of arbutus on the air,  
Bring sadly back those dear dead days  
And one who told me I was fair.

We stood amid the flowers, dewy, sweet,  
My hero in his coat of loyal blue,  
He kissed my forehead and said, "Farewell!  
My country needs me, dear, more than do  
you."

There came a day. The sun refused to shine.  
High heaven tried to wash away the stain.  
Night spread her mantle gently o'er the field—  
The south wind moaned a requiem for the  
slain.

Back in a corner of the garret dark  
There stands an oaken chest, and buried deep  
Within it lies a package worn and old,  
But when 'tis ashes still my heart will keep

In sacred memory the love that gave  
To me the sweet arbutus, faded, dead,  
But gave to God and country all he had  
And in the southland found a narrow bed.

'Tis this the south wind wafts to me tonight—  
Fond memory is the harp o'er which she  
plays—  
The gentle breath of sweet arbutus flowers  
And tender thoughts of forgotten days.  
—R. V. B. S. in Scranton Republican.

## TOILERS OF THE AIR.

How the Work on a Suspension Bridge Is  
Done.

The workmen on the cables follow  
closely after the builders of the iron  
roadway. These men are engaged in  
more perilous employment, if anything,  
than the former. They climb nimbly  
up to the very summit of the huge tow-  
ers, and then without flinching proceed  
to descend the inclined cables. It makes  
the spectators below tremble for them,  
so dangerous is the descent, but the  
workmen have no fear, else they would  
be unfitted for the duty required of  
them. After sliding down the cable a  
dozen feet, they stop and turn around  
and face the towers. The men working  
the derrick slowly swing out to them  
the end of a cable about three inches in  
diameter. Another man carries out to  
them by means of a small hand pulley  
and rope a red-hot band of steel, which  
the cable workers seize with their  
pinchers and clasp around the large cable  
on which they are resting. Then while  
the steel is still hot and malleable, the  
small cable, with its end secured in a  
thick bolt of steel, is brought into po-  
sition, and the end welded into the red-  
hot steel band encircling the main cable.  
The workmen pound and forge  
away, hammering, twisting and bend-  
ing the metal before it cools off. The  
welding must be done rapidly, and the  
workmen have no time to stop and think  
of the dangerous position in which they  
are placed. Probably the only support  
they have comes from their legs, which  
they wind tightly around the cable, as  
they swing their arms and upper part  
of the body with violent exertion.

When this cable is forged into its  
place, the workmen take a few moments  
of rest, and then slide down to the next  
joint, where the same operation is re-  
peated. Cable after cable is attached in  
this way until there is a regular tangle  
of steel work and dangling cables, look-  
ing for all the world like a spider's web.  
But there is order in this colossal spider  
web such as never existed in the home  
of the insect that weaves the webs in  
our homes and woods. Gradually one  
part of the bridge after another is fin-  
ished, and when the "false work" of  
scaffolds is removed the structure stands  
out in all the beauty of its finished state.

The bridge builders must not only be  
skilled in their work, but they must  
have the hardihood and daring of the  
sailor, for most of their work is per-  
formed at an altitude higher than the  
topmast of any sailing vessel. They la-  
bor in all kinds of weather—when the  
sun is pouring down its torrid rays in  
midsummer or when the mercury regis-  
ters zero in winter.

To them their dizzy height is no more  
than the 15 or 20 feet are to the ordi-  
nary carpenter or house painter. They  
seldom use ladders. They would be con-  
stantly in the way. If they want to  
reach a higher framework, they climb  
nimbly up the steel works or jump  
lightly across from one truss to another.  
A jump of three feet from girder to  
girder is a commonplace occurrence to  
them.—George E. Walsh in Godey's  
Magazine.

## Free Shows in Paris.

The theaters of Paris have popular  
representations on certain days, when  
the seats cost only a quarter or half  
the usual price. There are also days  
like the national holiday (July 10)  
when most of the theaters give gratui-  
tous spectacles. These occasions are  
characterized only by the best pieces,  
and actors dispute among themselves for  
the advantage of playing before this  
special public. No other audience is  
more grateful or more impressionable.  
They rarely have the pleasure of being  
present at the play. They are not biased,  
nor are they familiar with the wings.  
Having gained their places by long  
waiting at the door, they occupy them  
as conquests; they listen in silence, ap-  
plaud with enthusiasm, weep all to-  
gether, the prey of simple and conta-  
gious emotion.—Outlook.

## The Flow of Blood.

Professor Mosso, the Italian physiolo-  
gist, constructed a couch so arranged  
that it could be accurately balanced in  
the middle when the slightest change of  
weight should make either end incline.  
A man was laid upon it, balanced in a  
horizontal position. As he went to sleep  
his head rose and his feet sank. As he  
awoke the opposite occurred, proving  
that the blood left the head in the one  
condition and returned to it in the other.

In Sweden and Norway a legal mar-  
riage is not allowed to be solemnized  
till both parties produce certificates at-  
testing that they bear genuine vaccina-  
tion marks.

I hate a thing done by halves. If it  
be right, do it boldly; if it be wrong,  
leave it undone.—Gilpin.

# OMENS ON WARSHIPS.

SUPERSTITIONS WHICH GOVERN OLD  
SALTS OF THE NAVY.

Hoodooes and Spells Which May Work All  
Sorts of Evils on Board and Which  
Must Be Carefully Guarded Against  
The Tattooing Habit.

The most picturesque superstitions of  
the seas are those which govern a mod-  
ern man-o'-war. Every old salt in the  
navy believes in hoodooes and spells  
which may work all sorts of evils on  
his ship and must be carefully guarded  
against.

The powers of a ship's hoodooes com-  
mence before the ship has entered the  
water. It is a generally accepted super-  
stition that if the first blow which is  
struck the keel brings sparks the ship is  
destined to suffer from a raking fire  
from the enemy.

The old time practice of stealing a  
piece of wood and imbedding it in the  
prow for good luck is, of course, impos-  
sible in the case of steel ships, though  
it is considered lucky to have a piece of  
stolen wood on board.

Another old superstition is satisfied  
by placing a silver coin in some crevice  
of the fighting top of the mainmast or  
some place below decks where it touches  
the steel mast. Originally it was a very  
common custom to imbed a silver coin,  
and preferably a Spanish coin, in the  
wooden steps near the mast.

Figureheads have been in high favor  
with sailors from remote antiquity.  
Originally they were carved to repre-  
sent some god or saint. Even today a  
sailor would hesitate to sail on an iron-  
clad without such protection.

The ceremony of launching a ship is  
merely a concession to an old supersti-  
tion. The various formalities of ship  
christening have been followed with  
little variation for centuries.

In the early days of shipbuilding it  
was the custom for the captain, and the  
crew to eat their first meal stowed away  
in the mold loft. Their meal invariably  
consisted of eggs and sulphur. From  
this custom has come the present day  
practice of providing cakes and wine  
for the crew. And the old libation  
which the priests used to pour over the  
prow of the ship as she slipped into the  
water has been replaced by the break-  
ing of a bottle of champagne.

The modern man-of-war dashes into  
the water with flags waving from every  
masthead. In order to gratify this old  
superstition it has been necessary to ex-  
pend hundreds of dollars for the chris-  
tening of a single ship. But no one be-  
grudges this extravagance. In a way it  
is necessary.

The good or ill luck of certain days  
is still a belief among the sailors. Fri-  
day is a day of ill omen, and Sunday is  
usually a lucky day.

A superstition about women is a relic  
of the old belief in witchcraft. It is  
thought that a woman by throwing sand  
in the air on shipboard can produce  
violent storms. Not many years ago  
some women who traveled on English  
warships were tortured during a storm  
to make them quiet the waves.

These barbaric beliefs, however, are  
partially compensated by the supersti-  
tion which sailors have held for cen-  
turies that beautiful children bring a  
blessing to a ship. The Neck was a  
handsome boy with golden curls. It is  
said that he is always accompanied by  
a black lamb and carries with him a  
golden harp. Our old salts have especial  
confidence in a ship which is christened  
by a child.

The average sailor is superstitious  
about the ringing of the ship's bells.  
In olden times the bells were blessed  
before they were used. At present, if a  
mistake is made in striking the hour,  
the sailors insist that the bells at once  
be struck backwards to break the spell,  
and if by any chance the wind should  
catch the bells and swing them all the  
way around, or if they strike nine bells,  
it is believed that it will be the last of  
that ship.

All good warships go to the "shores  
of Fiddler's Green" as a final resting  
place. Just where this mythical harbor  
is situated no geographer has yet decid-  
ed. It is in every way the antithesis of  
"Davy Jones' locker." A warship  
which goes down in battle with her  
flags flying, as occurred several times  
during the civil war, goes to "Fiddler's  
Green."

The tattooing habit is, of course, very  
common in the navy. It is believed that  
an arm or a leg decorated with the de-  
sign of a gun or a sword or some such  
design will never be lost in battle.—  
San Francisco Call.

## A Real Utopia.

Dunwich, Moreton bay, Queensland,  
consists of about 1,000 inhabitants. In  
four years there have only been two  
births and two deaths.

There are no streets, no omnibuses or  
trains, no soldiers, no police, no shops.  
There is a beautiful theater, and every-  
one is admitted free. Clothes are free,  
and so are food and lodging. Very few  
do any work, and there are no hotels.  
Very little money is required, and med-  
ical attendance is free.

There is a lockup, but that is not  
used. There is also a postoffice, and if  
short of money the letters are stamped  
free. There is also a free hospital and  
library.—London Tit-Bits.

## His System.

Shippin Clark (to his employer, leav-  
ing the office)—Oh, Mr. System, haven't  
you forgotten your umbrella? It's rain-  
ing.

Mr. System—Can't help it. I have  
made a resolution to have one here and  
one at home, to provide for all emer-  
gencies. Now, if I take this one, they'll  
both be at home.—London Fun.

The languages in Palestine are Arib-  
istan and Hebrew, even the smallest  
children speaking the purest Bible He-  
brew.

There are said to be 5,000 temperance  
societies in London.

The elephant does not smell with his  
trunk. His olfactory nerves are con-  
tained in a single nostril, which is in  
the roof of the mouth, near the front.

It is announced that an amateur  
horticulturist at Voronezh, Russia, has  
achieved what was believed to be im-  
possible, the production of jet black  
roses.

A substitute for honey has been in-  
troduced in Germany under the name of  
sugar honey, and consists of sugar,  
water, minute amounts of mineral sub-  
stances and free acid.

A revolution in etiquette is about to  
come upon fashionable London. Men  
who desire to be up to date will, it is  
rumored, have to have their names put  
on their wives' calling cards.

It is a peculiar fact that with most  
men the growth of the hair is greater  
on one side of the face than the other.  
It is said that hair always grows more  
quickly on that side on which we are  
stronger.

Soldiers of the British army are re-  
joicing over an order recently issued by  
Lord Wolseley to abolish the use of  
heavy headgear on field day and in hot  
weather. The full head dress will  
hereafter be worn only during reviews  
and when the men are on guard.

The Japanese merchant marine has  
increased since the war with China  
from 160,000 to 400,000 tons of shipping.  
Lines are now organized sailing from  
the chief ports of Japan to China, In-  
dia, Europe, America and Australia.  
The growth follows the change from  
an agricultural to a manufacturing na-  
tion.

## STORIES OF RELIEF.

Two Letters to Mrs. Pinkham.

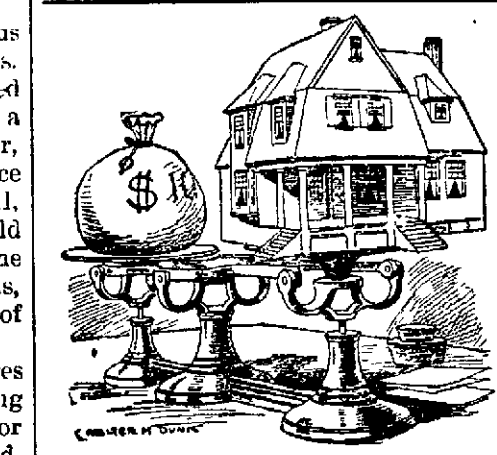
Mrs. JOHN WILLIAMS, Englishtown,  
N. J., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I cannot be-  
gin to tell you how I suffered before  
taking your remedies. I was so weak  
that I could hardly walk across the floor  
without falling. I had womb trouble  
and such a bearing-down feeling; also  
suffered with my back and limbs, pain  
in womb, inflammation of the bladder,  
piles and indigestion. Before I had  
taken one bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's  
Vegetable Compound I felt a great deal  
better, and after taking two and one-  
half bottles and half a box of your  
Liver Pills I was cured. If more would  
take your medicine they would not  
have to suffer so much."

Mrs. JOSEPH PETERSON, 513 East St.,  
Warren, Pa., writes:

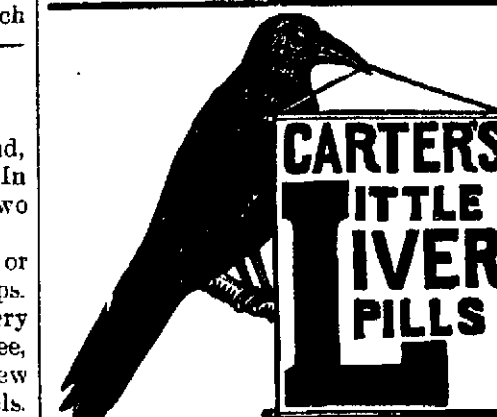
"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have suf-  
fered with womb trouble over fifteen  
years. I had inflammation, enlarge-  
ment and displacement of the womb.  
I had the backache constantly, also  
headache, and was so dizzy. I had  
heart trouble, it seemed as though my  
heart was in my throat at times chok-  
ing me. I could not walk around and  
I could not lie down, for then my heart  
would beat so fast I would feel as  
though I was smothering. I had to  
sit up in bed nights in order to breathe.  
I was so weak I could not do any-  
thing."

"I have now taken several bot-  
tles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable  
Compound, and used three pack-  
ages of Sanative Wash, and can say  
I am perfectly cured. I do not think  
I could have lived long if Mrs. Pink-  
ham's medicine had not helped me."



AS GOOD AS GOLD  
and much more easy to take care of—af-  
fording you ease and comfort at the  
same time—is an investment in one of  
our real estate bargains. Vacant lots,  
houses and business property.

James R. Dunn  
Stone Block.



**SICK HEADACHE**  
Positively cured by these  
Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia,  
Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A per-  
fect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drow-  
ziness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue  
Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They  
Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose.

Substitution

the fraud of the day.

See you get Carter's,

Ask for Carter's,

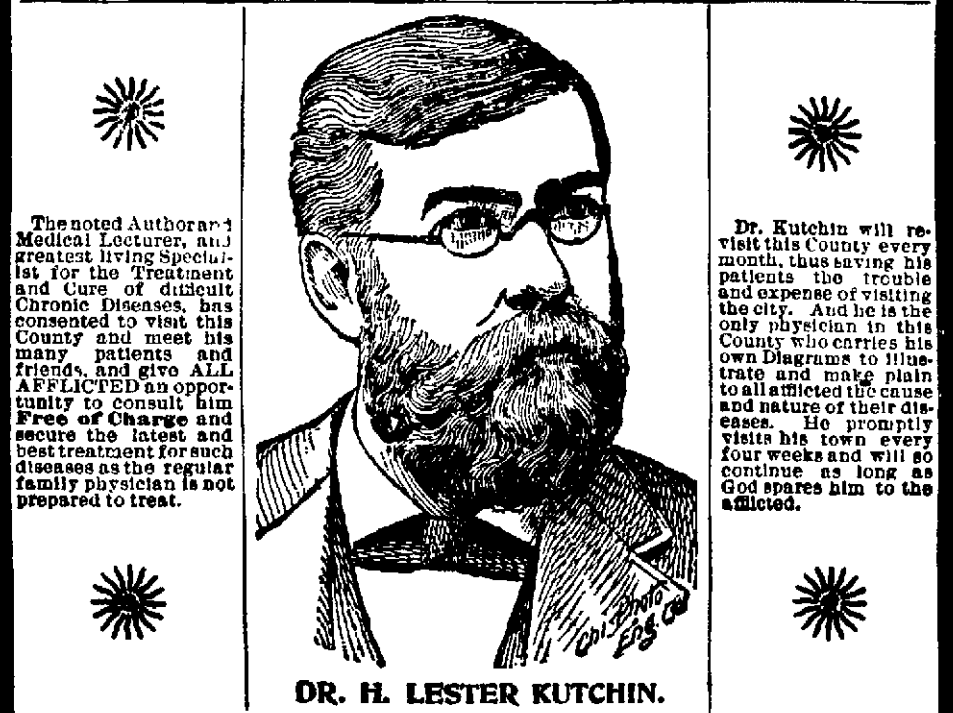
Insist and demand

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

**Cleaning Things**  
is never pleasant work. The way to have cleaning  
well done, and to get through it quickly without  
spending much strength, is to use  
**GOLD DUST Washing Powder.**  
Then the cleaning things are laid aside early in the day, and  
the housewife has time for more pleasant things.  
Largest package—greatest economy.  
**THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY.**  
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EX-U. S. EXAMINING SURGEON,  
Late of Chicago, Greatest Living Specialist for the Treatment and Cure of all Long-  
Standing and Difficult Chronic Diseases and Diseases of the Blood and  
Nervous System. Consulting Surgeon at Maplewood Sanitarium.  
Will, by special request, meet his many patients in this country every month  
for the next year, and examine all afflicted free. Ohio office, Columbus, O.



DR. H. LESTER KUTCHIN.

## CHRONIC DISEASES.

The Doctor treats acute diseases, but  
makes a specialty of chronic and long-standing  
diseases which fail to the lot of but few. After  
studying his Full Courses in the Medical Col-  
leges, and graduating with the highest hon-  
ors, he was not content to stop there, but has  
since attended other Colleges, and several times  
reviewed the whole profession; has also trav-  
eled extensively for the purpose of improving  
himself in the latest and best methods of treat-  
ment, having visited the best Medical Colleges, Hos-  
pitals, Dispensaries, Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat  
Clinics, and Surgical Institutions, traveling  
thousands of miles, both by land and sea; ex-  
penditure of thousands of dollars improving his  
very advantage within his command, and devot-  
ing the best years of his life to become thor-  
oughly familiar with his profession in all its branches.

## A LIFE OF EXPERIENCE.

Dr. Kutchin has received the most ap-  
proved instruction in Analytical and Micro-  
scopical Examination of the Blood, Urine, etc.,  
which are now considered indispensable to a  
correct diagnosis in many diseases. There are  
many diseases which physicians in common  
practice do not usually treat, and are, there-  
fore, seldom prepared with necessary and con-  
fidently undertake the constitution, inducing  
nervous debility and premature decay. Dr.  
Kutchin has for many years enjoyed the dis-  
tinction of being the most successful and cele-  
brated specialist for the treatment and  
cure of these affections. You may consult him  
with entire confidence, and he will give you  
that which is the most reliable and certain  
which physicians in general practice know so  
little.

## FACTS FOR MEN OF ALL AGES.

By reason of false modesty the youth of our  
land are kept in ignorance of the numerous re-  
sults which certain solitary indiscreet practices  
produce. These vices when persisted in eventu-  
ally undermine the constitution, inducing  
nervous debility and premature decay. Dr.  
Kutchin has for many years enjoyed the dis-  
tinction of being the most successful and cele-  
brated specialist for the treatment and  
cure of these affections. You may consult him  
with entire confidence, and he will give you  
that which is the most reliable and certain  
which physicians in general practice know so  
little.

## DELAY IS DANGEROUS.

Many diseases are so deceptive that hundreds  
of persons have them before they even suspect  
it. These diseases are not dangerous, but are  
perfectly ignorant of the deadly fangs which are  
fastening upon them, and must, sooner or later,  
cuttle and destroy them. It is better to be cured by a  
skilled hand. Are you afflicted? Your case  
may now be perfectly curable, but remember,  
every moment of neglect brings you nearer to  
incurable stages, when, perhaps, the most skill-  
ful physician can render you no assistance. The  
present is ours, the future may be too late.

## Epilepsy or Fits scientifically treated and cured by a new and simple method.

Free Examination of the Urine—Each  
person applying for medical treatment should  
send or bring 2 to 4 ounces of urine, which will  
receive a careful chemical and microscopical  
examination.

Persons unskillfully treated by ignorant  
practitioners keep trying with them month  
after month, giving poisonous and injurious  
compounds, should call and see the Doctor.

Cases and correspondence confidential. All letters with stamps inclosed answered free.  
Call and be examined and learn the cause of your disease, and if it can be cured. These  
wonderful cures are furnished from the Office or at the Institute, all at once or by the month.

CONSULTATION, EXAMINATION AND ADVICE FREE TO ALL AT THE

Hotel Conrad, Massillon, Thursday, Sep. 1st, '98.

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Consultation, Examination and Advice, FREE.  
Return visits made every 28 days  
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Equipment. Artistic Furnishing, Decoration and Efficient Service.

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DETROIT AND CLEVELAND  
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Berths, 75c., \$1. Stateroom, \$1.75.  
Connections are made at Cleveland with  
Earliest Trains for all points East, South  
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points North and Northwest.  
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